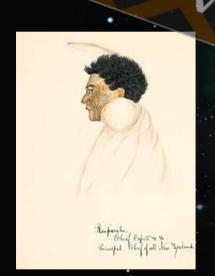
201112

MARAMATAKA

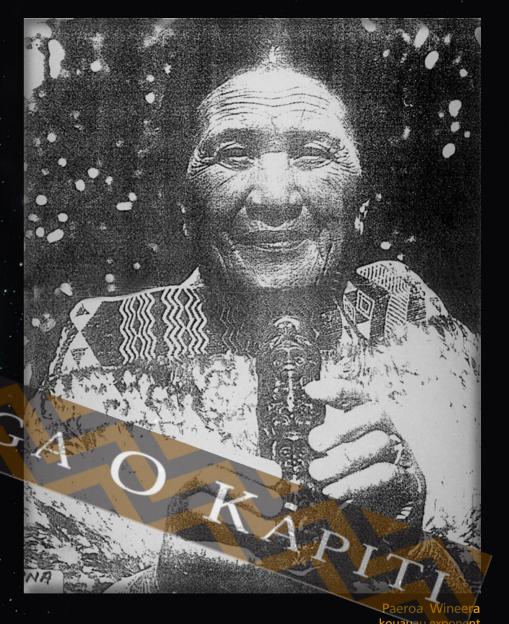
FISHING & PLANTING BY THE MOON
Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti



Te Raupahara chief and composer Ngāti Toa, Ngāti Raukawa

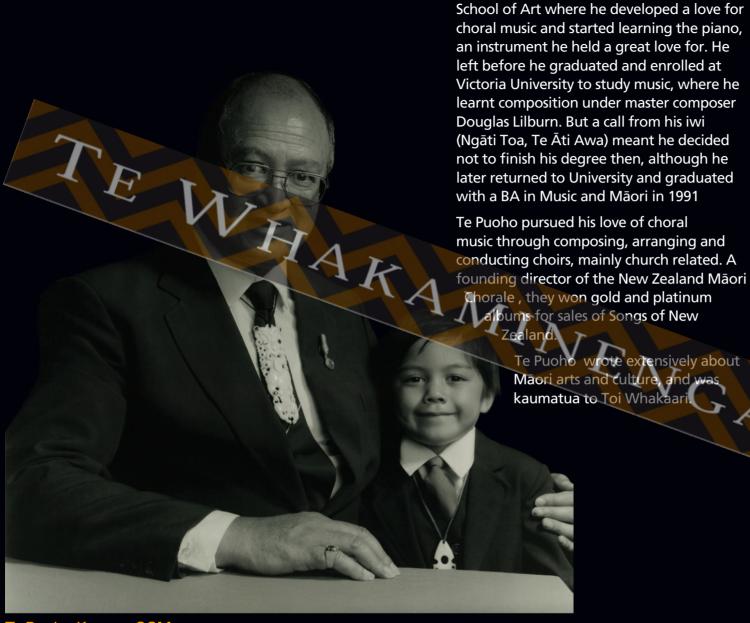
ka mate ka mate ka mate ka mate ka mate tenerte tangata

HARAMINEN



Kía taea koe te manu a títapu te huía kí Tararua te toroa tata kí runga o nga íwí

You will become the sacred bird, the huia of Tararua, the albatross upon the people



Te Puoho studied fine art at the Canterbury

Te Puoho Katene QSM

composer and chorale master Ngāti Toa, Ngāti Mutunga, Ngāti Tama 1927 - 2010

Te Puoho pictured with his grandson, Te Puoho Katene



Hera Dovey Katene-Horvath QSM

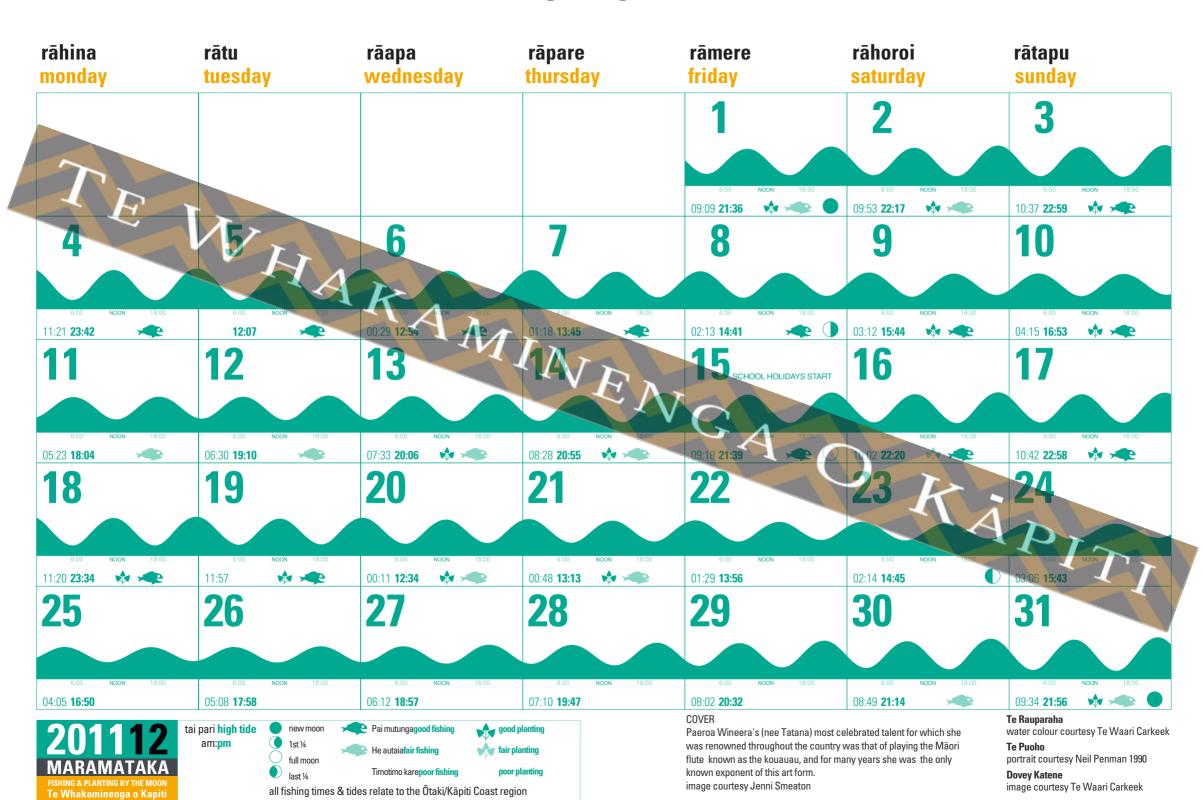
composer Ngāti Toa , Ngāti Raukawa 1912 - 1987

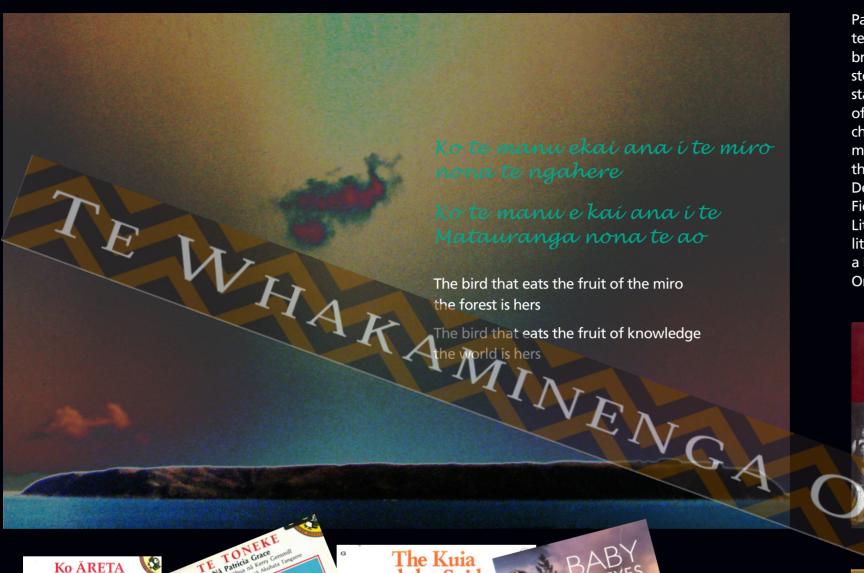
The only child of of Hari Wi Katene, a licensed interpreter from Taranaki, and Isobella "Pera" Campbell/Kemara. Aunty Dovey learned her composing skills from her father and from Sir Apirana Ngata.

Throughout her long life, she was associated with many musical groups. She was a foundation member of Ngāti Poneke, a long time member and resident composer for the Ma Wai Hakona Club, and the Patron of the The Māori Chorale.

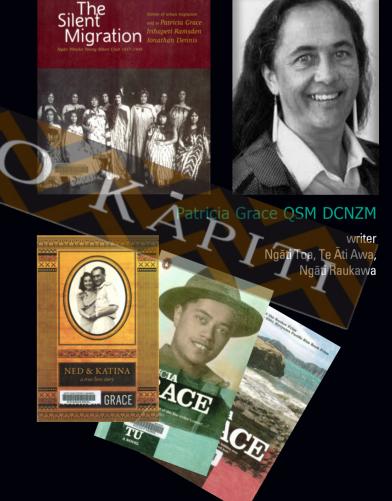
In her later years she lived in retirement at Takapuwahia, Porirua. Her songs are sung throughout Aotearoa by many cultural and school groups.

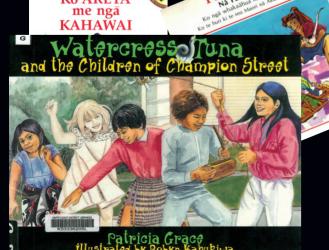
hōngongoijuly

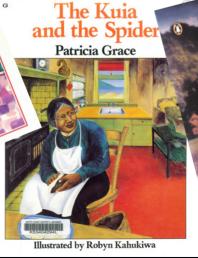


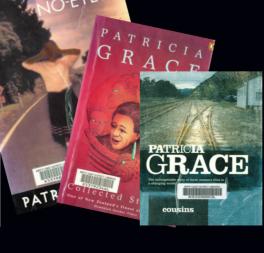


Patricia Grace successfully combined her love of teaching and skills of writing with marriage and bringing up seven children. Her finely crafted short stories and novels, grounded in two worlds, not only stand as landmarks of literary excellence but also offer insights into Màori values and beliefs which challenge and interest all readers. Her work has won many national and international awards, including the Kiriyama Pacific Rim Book Prize for fiction, the Deutz Medal for Fiction, the Montana Award for Fiction and the Neustadt International Prize for Literature, widely considered the most prestigious literary prize after the Nobel. In 2007 Grace received a Distinguished Companion of the New Zealand Order of Merit for her services to literature.

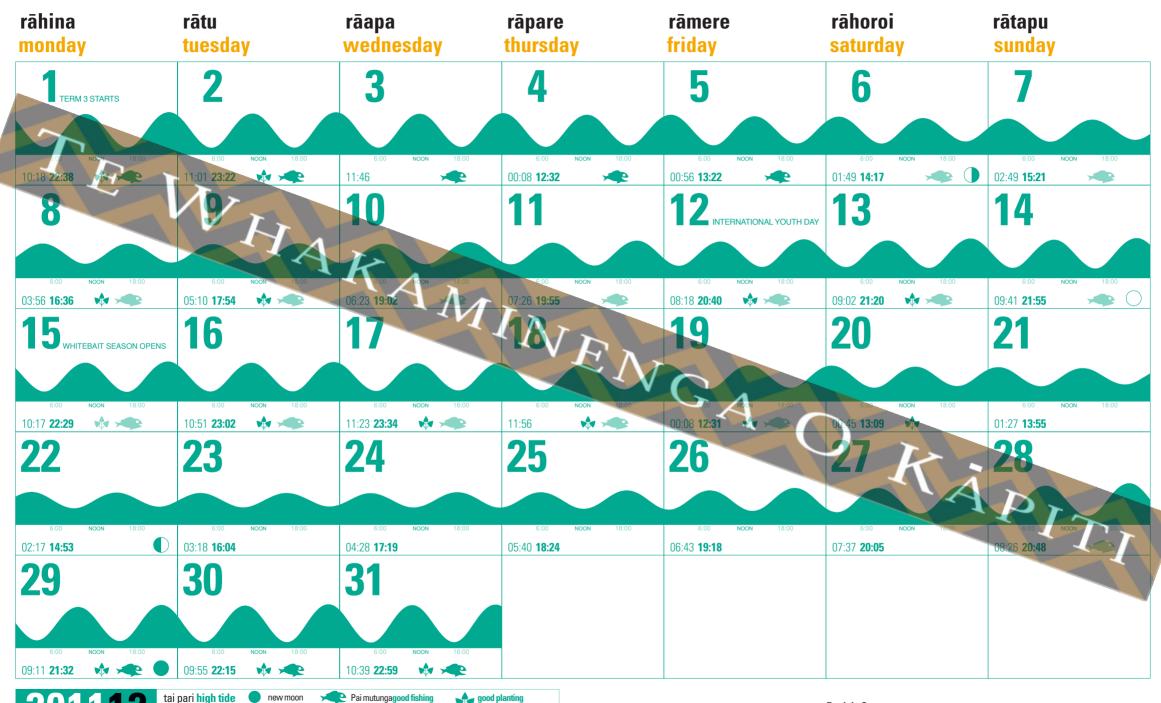








here-turi-kōkāaugust



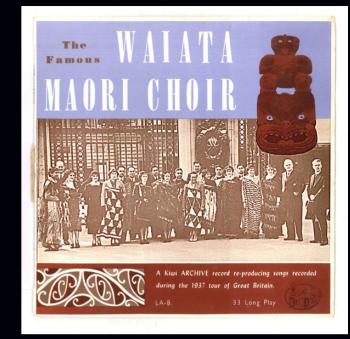
last ¼ Timotimo karepoor fishing poor plan all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region

Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti

Pat

images courtesy Shannon and Kristie Parata



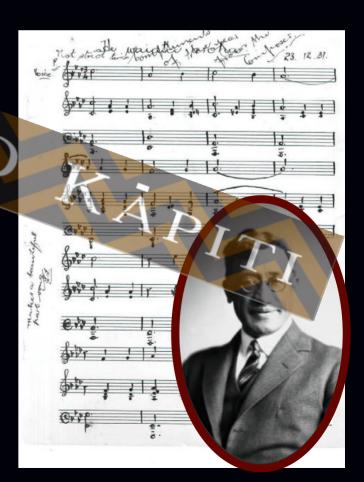


Kingi Tahiwi

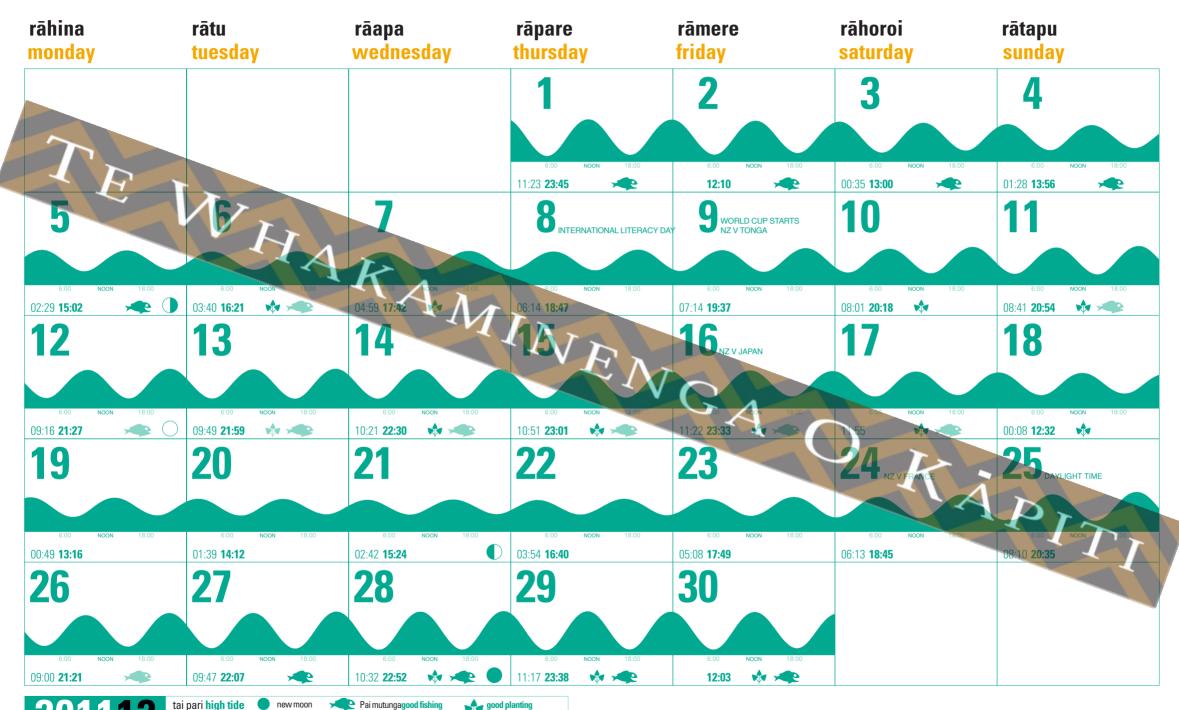
musician and composer Ngāti Raukawa

Kingi Tahiwi used a banjo to help him compose his music, other musicians then adapted his music to piano. Kingi Tāhiwi' songs explore the kaupapa and activities of the time, however, in his later years, he turned to the intricacies of opera as in the song Aue e te iwi e. The Tāhiwi family were very musical. Both parents were involved in brass band and choral activities. Kingi's sister Weno Tāhiwi was the organist at Rangiatea Church for 40 years, and was also a noted pianist and mezzo soprano. Along with her brother Hēnare and sister Hinehou, they became well known in trans-Tasman music circles as The Tahiwis.

Auntie Weno is pictured top right outside Buckingham Palace with the touring Waiata Māori Choir, after a Royal Command performance where they met their majesties. The first civic reception at Guild Hall was followed by concerts to capacity audiences at Westminster Hall and other large London halls, Wales, Belfast and in Dublin. A final farewell banquet was given at Westminster Hall.



mahuruseptember



am:pm 1st 1/4 Timotimo karepoor fishing all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region

Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti

Kingi Tahiwi

images, cover and music courtesy Rupene Waaka



Inia Te Wiata

opera singer, actor and carver Ngāti Raukawa 1915-1971

Rima made her stage debut at Auckland's Mercury Theatre aged 17. After graduating from New Zealand Drama School, she began a national tour of the musical Footrot Flats . She made her screen debut across the Tasman, in long-running Australian soap Sons and Daughters.

On her return to New Zealand in the late 80s, Te Wiata began to display her comic skills: aside from a more serious role as a policewoman in drama Shark in the Park, she appeared in the sitcom version of the Billy T James show, TV's short-lived Porters, and sketch show Laughinz.

Rima pictured above with her parents Beryl (an accomplished actor/singer) and father Inia Te Wiata, on arrival at Wellington for the Te Wiata Festival 1968.

World acclaimed and celebrated bass-baritone opera singer, film actor and carver. Inia Te Wiata was born in Ōtaki, New Zealand, into the Ngāti Raukawa ki te Tonga Iwi. His father, Watene Te Wiata, died early and his mother Constance Helena Johnson remarried soon afterwards, so Inia was brought up by Pairoroku and Rakete Rikihana.

He developed an interest in singing and first performed on stage at the age of 7. At the age of 13 his voice broke and settled into a bass-baritone. Encouraged in his singing by Mrs Mihi Taylor, a member of the Rikihana family, she taught both Te Wiata and his cousin to sing duets. He later joined his cousin's quartet, which included Wi Nicholls, Henry Tahiwi and Dan Rikihana.

In 1947 Te Wiata was the first Māori to gain a scholarship to the Trinity College of Music in London, supported by Sir Apirana Ngata and PM Peter Fraser. The poulbi Te Wiata carved from a 600 year old totara, stands three storeys high in New Zealand House, London.



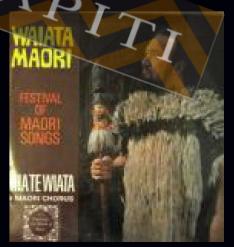
Inia Te Wiata and Miki Rikihana, Wini Rikihana, Paddy Rikihana and Queenie Rikihana 1930



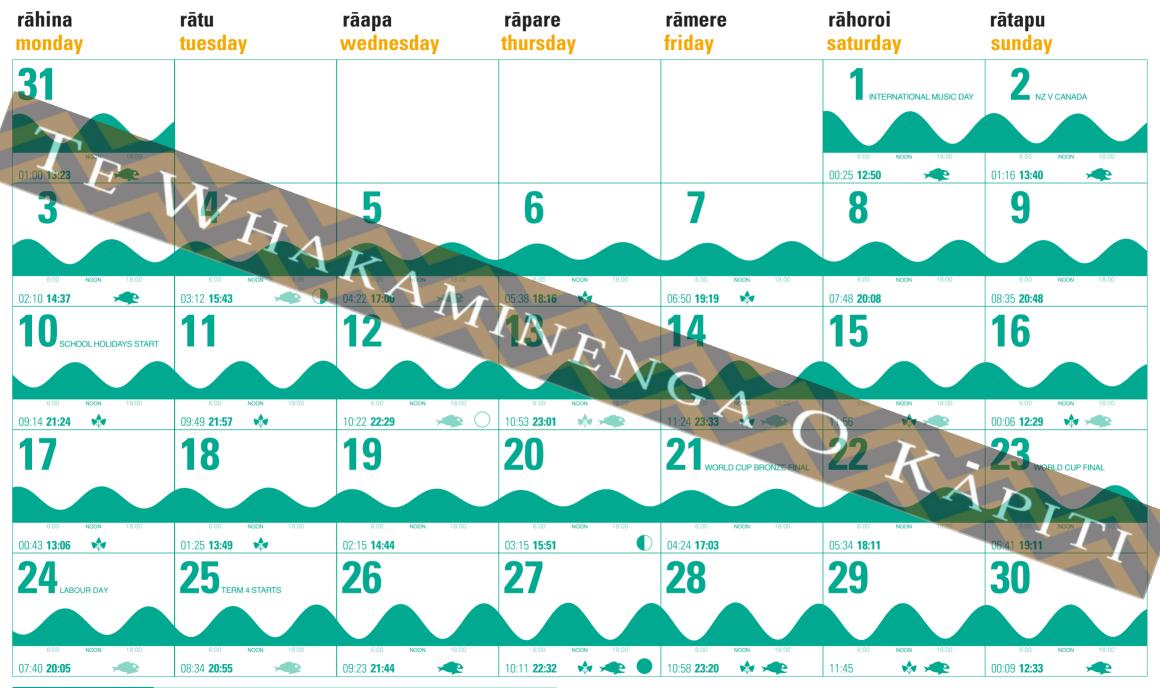
Kua hinga te totara o te wao nui a Tane

the sturdy totara of the great forest of Tane has fallen and the crash resounds beyond the sky





whiringa-ā-nukuoctober





Inia Te Wiata images courtesy Rima Te Wiata

Rikihana Family group image courtesy Auntie Gabe

Inia Te Wiata pictured carving the totara pouihi for New Zealand House in London in their basement workshop. Te Wiata saw this as a way of thanking the people of New Zealand for their support . Standing three storeys high, it was installed in five sections in the atrium after his passing.



The leadership of Te Whiti and the spiritual influence of Tohu forged the Parihaka community's independence with a pacificist philosophy as a protest against government land acquisitions. Imprisoned without trial they died in 1907 within a few months of each other.

The Raukura (the Three Feathers) is a legacy left for all people by the leaders of Parihaka and remains an enduring emblem among Te Ati Awa to demonstrate their continued commitment to resolve conflict through peaceful means.

The three elements represented by the Raukura are:

- an acknowledgement of spirituality and spiritual forces
- the importance of making peace within yourself and with others
- the necessity of maintaining goodwill, despite conflict.



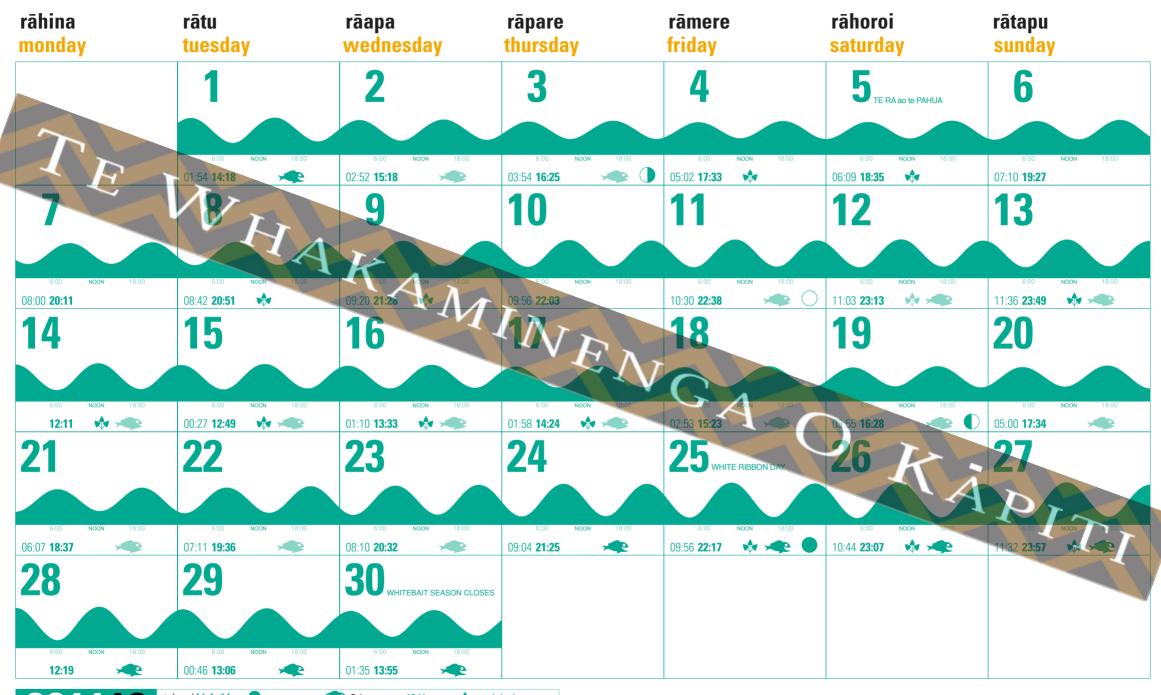


Te Whiti-o-Rongomai and Tohu Kakahi

leaders, prophets and composers Te Āti Awa



whiringa-ā-ranginovember



tai pari high tide am:pm

tai pari high tide

images courtesy Shannon Parata

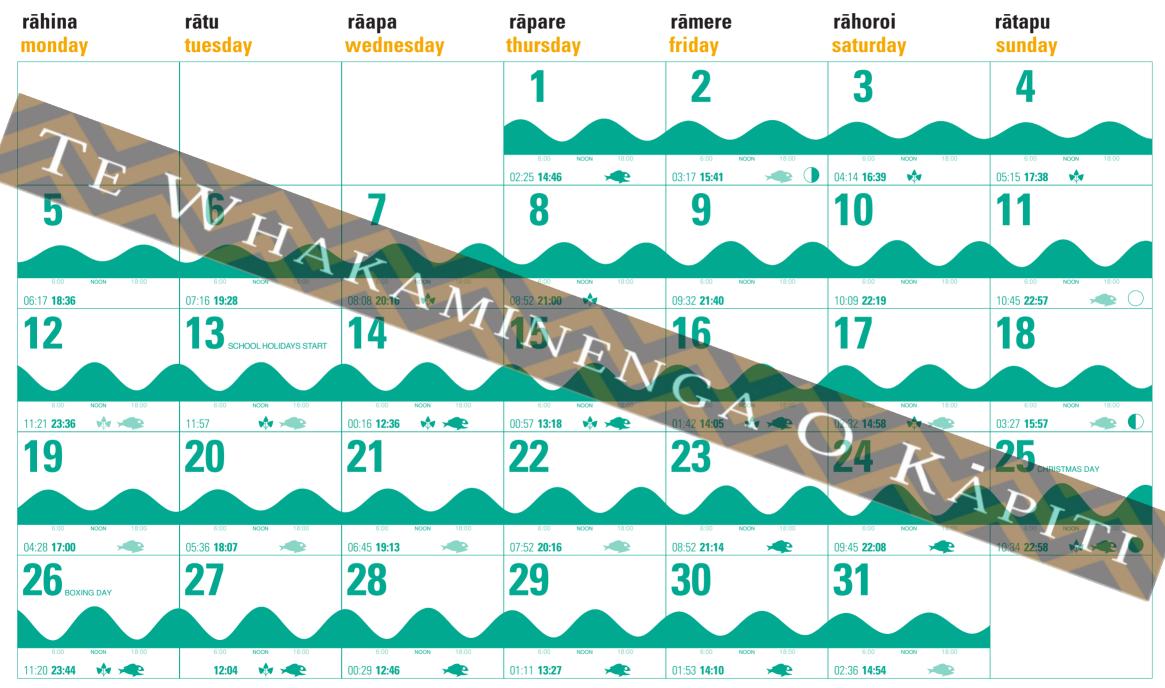
Te Mahia Wi Parata (centre, with feathers in her hair) and female relatives, including Mrs Eve Parata (with scarf), sitting on the porch of Whakarongotai meeting house. Photograph taken circa 1908 by Harold Stevens Hislop. courtesy Alexander Turnbull Library PA1-0-229-36-4



NZ Māori Chorale 1978

back left: Ru Tarawhiti, Adrian Gray, Ken Arthur, Josh Waitai, Albert McFee, Te Puoho Katene, Mark Metakingi front left: Polly Tarawhiti, Makere Reneti, Rebeccah Modlik, Tania Arthur, Rihia Kenny, Karo Arthur, Olive Arthur, Irirangi Bayliss, Hinemoa Metakingi, Utanga Wineera, Irene Dwyer, Thelma Gradmaier, Patricia Solomon, Karanga Metakingi

hakiheadecember





As well as leading musical group Upper Hutt Posse, Dean produces and performs socio-political rap, poetry, music and film. A digital video maker, he has produced a rapumentary on arts and activism amongst native and marginalised people in 22 countries titled Ngātahi - Know The Links. Te Kupu is the great grandson of Utiku Hapeta and grandson of Hakopa Hapeta.

kohitāteajanuary



am:pm

Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti

1st 1/4

Timotimo karepoor fishing

all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region



Jim Moriarty

actor and theatre director Ngāti Toa, Ngāti Koata, Ngāti Kahungunu

Jim has worked on stage and screen since the 1970s and has toured nationally and internationally. Renowned for his performance as a Vietnam War veteran in John Broughton's solo work *Michael James Manaia* which toured New Zealand and played at the Edinburgh Festival in 1991.

Moriarty is the Artistic Director of Te Rakau Hua O Te Wao Tapu Trust, a performing arts organisation that works with at-risk communities, creating and performing theatre in schools, marae and prisons, as well as professional theatres. "I produce theatre, I direct theatre, I perform in stuff, and it's all really to do with the emancipation of people, freedom and liberation of people, that's what I'm interested in." Jim Moriarty











Ka unuhia taku pitoi taku rata marumaru Takahia atu ranga kohutai marino i roto o Porirua

Reveal my head dress my sheltering Rata, stride forth the peaceful seamist within Porirua.

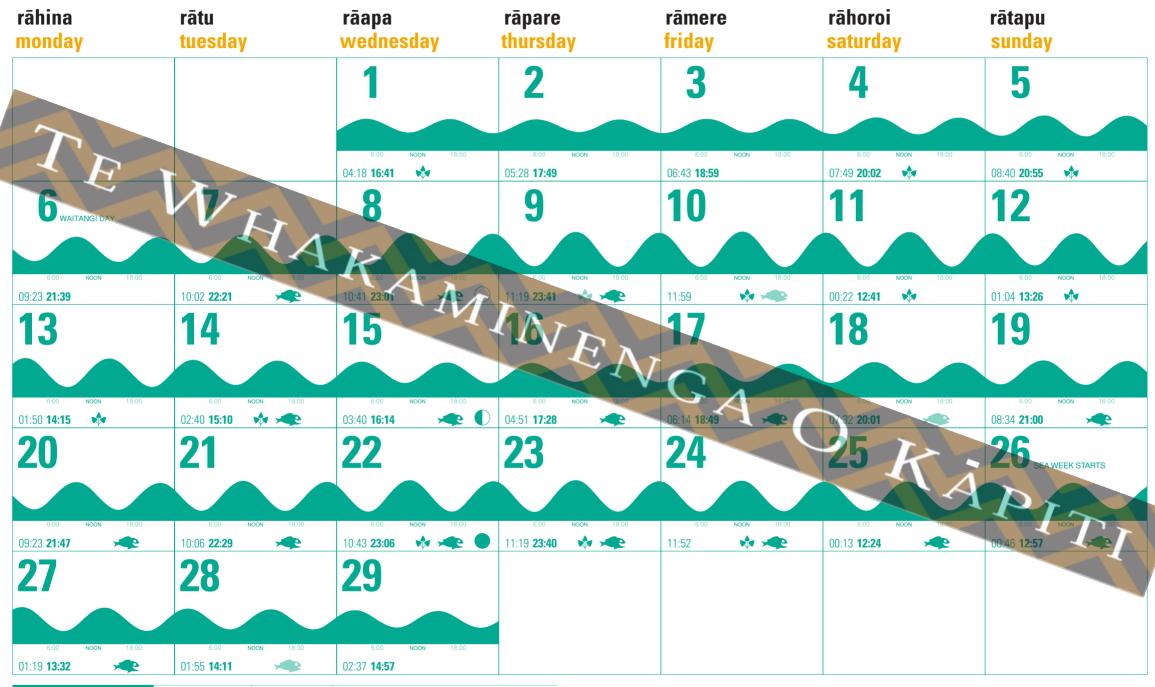
Tungia Baker

actress Ngāti Toa, Te Āti Awa, Ngāti Raukawa 1941 - 2005

Tungia was renowned in theatrical circles, making frequent appearances at Taki Rua. Her screen roles included The Piano and the Pounamu television series.



hui-tangurufebruary



Tai pari high tide am:pm

1st ¼

Feli mutungagood fishing full moon

last ¼

Timotimo karepoor fishing poor planting

all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region

Tungia Baker (lecturer at Polytech) of Raukawa tribe at Raukawa Meeting House in Ōtaki, 1979. Stephen Murphy, Kāpiti Public Library manager is standing behind her. Photographer: Patricia Campbell





from left: Jim Perkins, Des Mallon, Dave Grace, Roni Perkins and Derrin Thomson

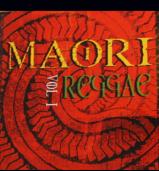


musician and composer Te Āti Awa Ngāti Toa Ngāti Raukawa Ngāti Porou Ngāti Tama Ngāti Mutanga Ngāti Tuwharetoa



jenres Formalismospel Fangatawnenua







poutū-te-rangimarch

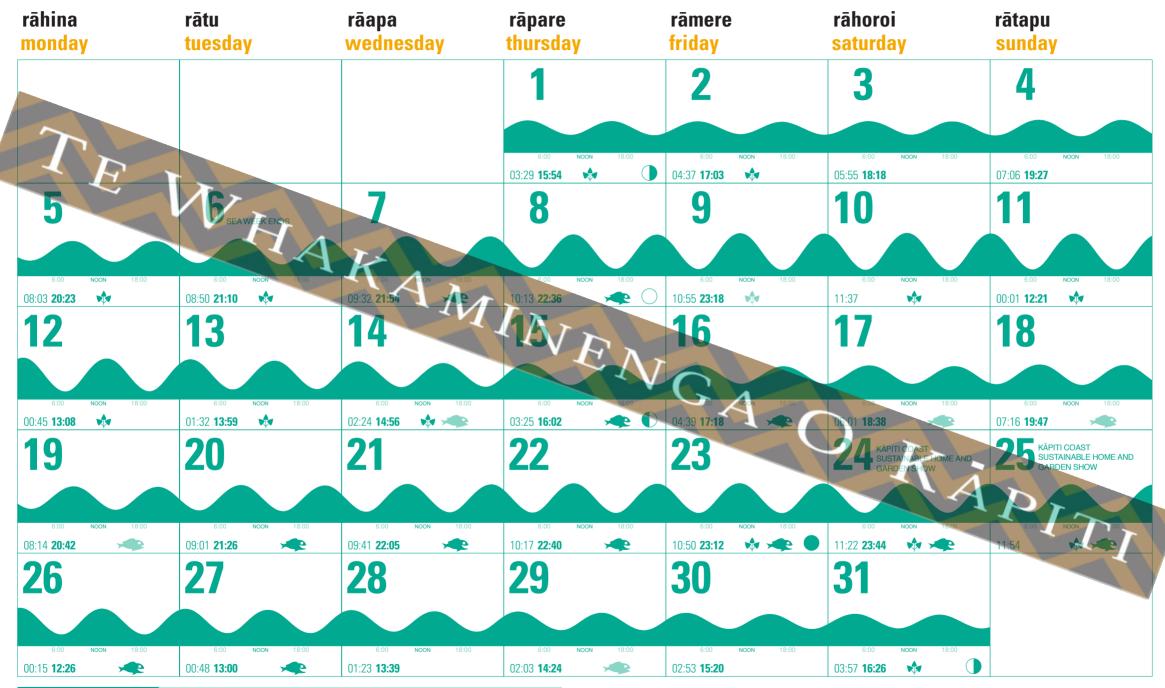




Image courtesy Suzanne Tamaki, Te Papa covers courtesy Dave Grace



Jacqueline Cecilia Baxter, a highly respected short story writer, poet and the wife of one of New Zealand's greatest poets, the late James K Baxter, was also known as JC Sturm and JC Baxter. She became one of the country's first published Maori women writers.

Born in the small coastal Taranaki town of Opunake in 1927, Jackie studied at Otago, Canterbury and Victoria universities.

Jacqueline Baxter was one of the first Maori women to receive a university degree when she graduated from Victoria with a Bachelor of Arts in 1949. She then went on to complete a Master of Arts in Philosophy from Victoria, graduating with First Class Honours.

Jackie Baxter writer and poet Te Āti Awa 1927 -2010

John Moffatt

writer and poet Te Āti Awa, Ngāti Raukawa 1927 - 2006



Te Putahi: the name of well at Walkanae.

Te Putai: According to the Ati Awa chief Eruini Te Marau, this was a cultivation ground belonging to him. The exact location is unknown. Te Wairengarenga of Taranaki also described Te Putai as an eel weir and

about a mile main highway the site of the Wainul Pa on the coast. There were at one time several Maori cultivation grounds in this area

W Carkeek

Wakahuia (Wattie) Carkeek historian and author of The Kāpiti Coast Ngāti Toa, Ngāti Raukawa 1931 - 1967



Iridescent blue is the

colour of the tui's sona

Black as the underbelly of a paua

To slide into pure melody

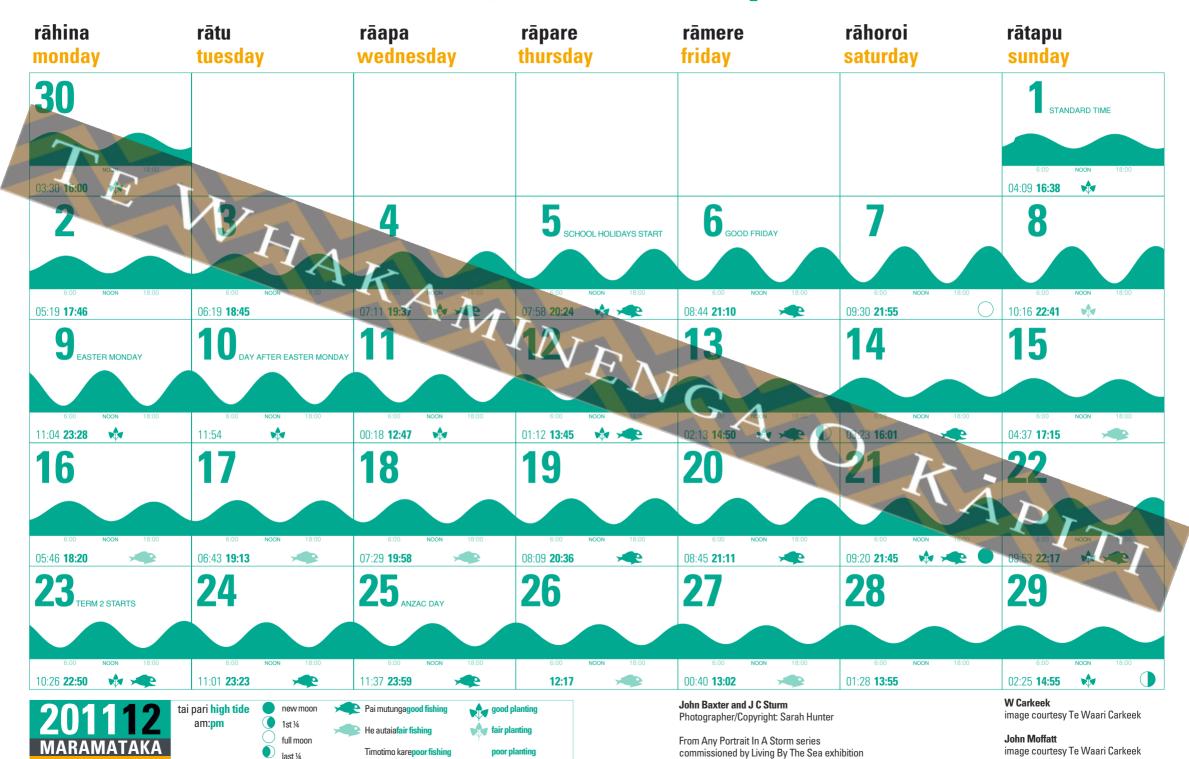
of paua shell glory

Do they converse these two

in colours

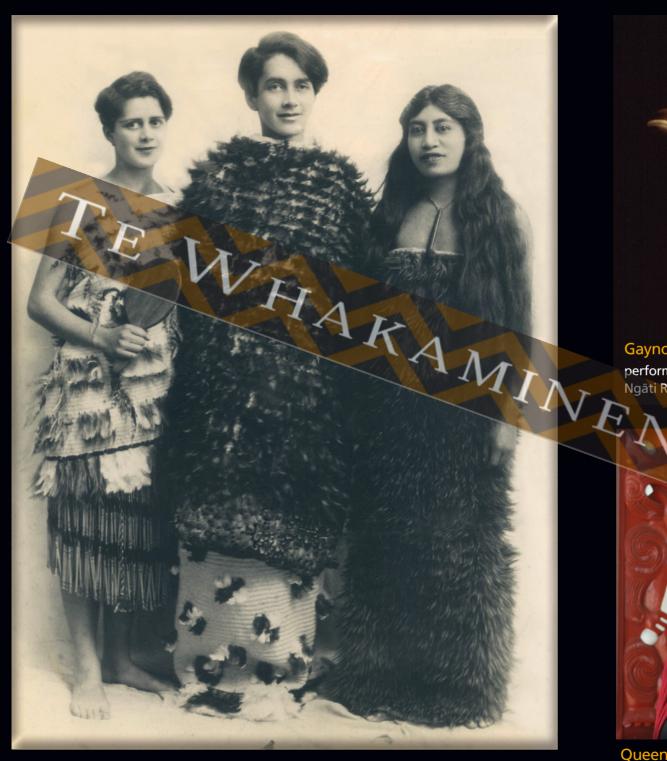
pictured with her son John Baxter, also an avid writer

paenga-whāwhāapril



all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region

Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti

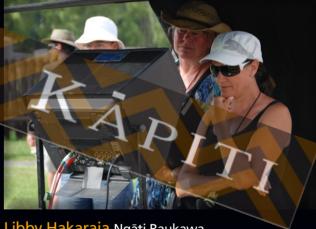


Auntie Goldie (Auntie Gabe's Mum) Uncle Jimmy (Auntie Gabes Uncle) Auntie Mihi (first cousin) 1920's Ngāti Raukawa





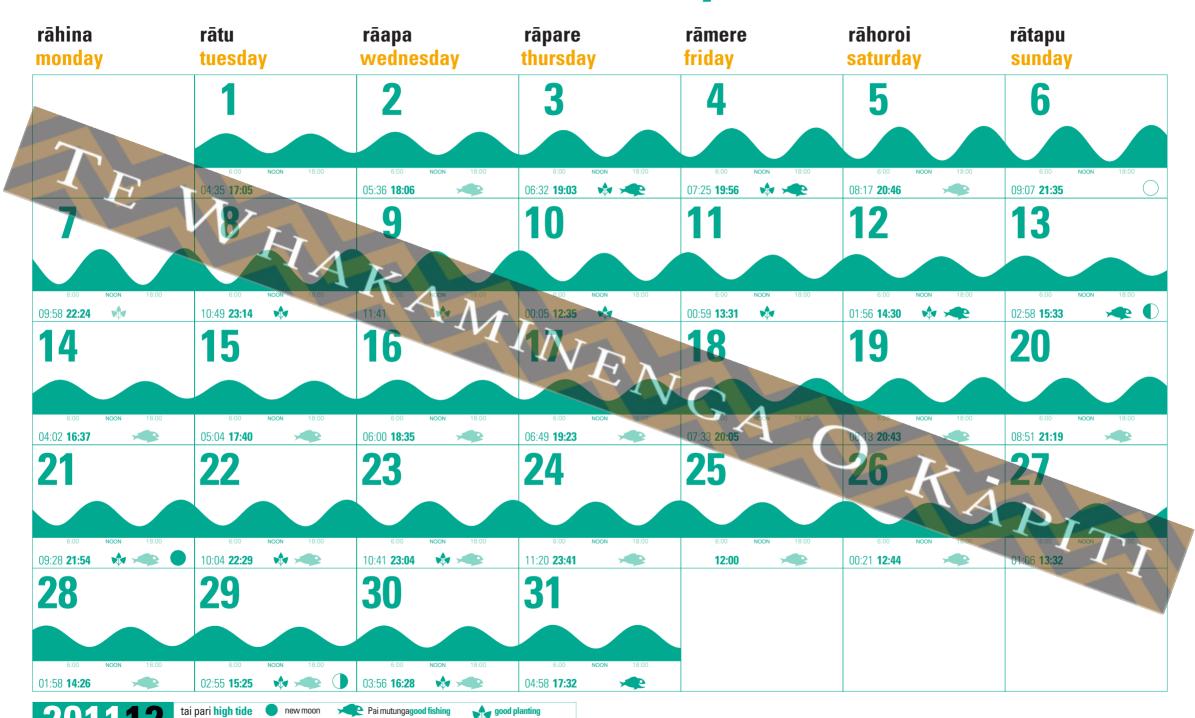
Queenie Rikihana writer, journalist, tutor Ngāti Toa, Te Āti Awa, Ngāti Raukawa



Libby Hakaraia Ngāti Raukawa producer and director in broadcasting and journalism

A key participant in the independent film and television production industry, Libby is an executive member of the board of Ngā Aho Whakaari – Māori in the Screen production and an executive board member of SPADA – the NZ Screen Production and Development Association. Libby is Chair of the Raukawa Media Trust and Reo FM. She has also written MATARIKI - the Māori New Year and TE KAHUI O MATARIKI - contemporary Māori art for Matariki

haratuamay



am:pm

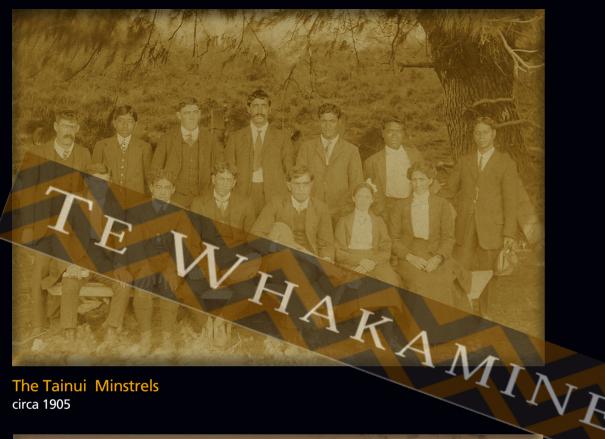
Te Whakaminenga o Kapiti

1st ¼

He autaiafair fishing

all fishing times & tides relate to the Ōtaki/Kāpiti Coast region

Timotimo karepoor fishing



The Tainui Minstrels circa 1905



The Ōtaki Brass Band 1902

back row: Whare, H Fielding, Ropata, Miki, Watene, Ngaro, Patihona middle row: Joe, Paraone, Whata, Utiki (bandmaster) Hone front row: R.R. Pahiwi, Kemana, Tarake, Pineaha



The original Korohekes

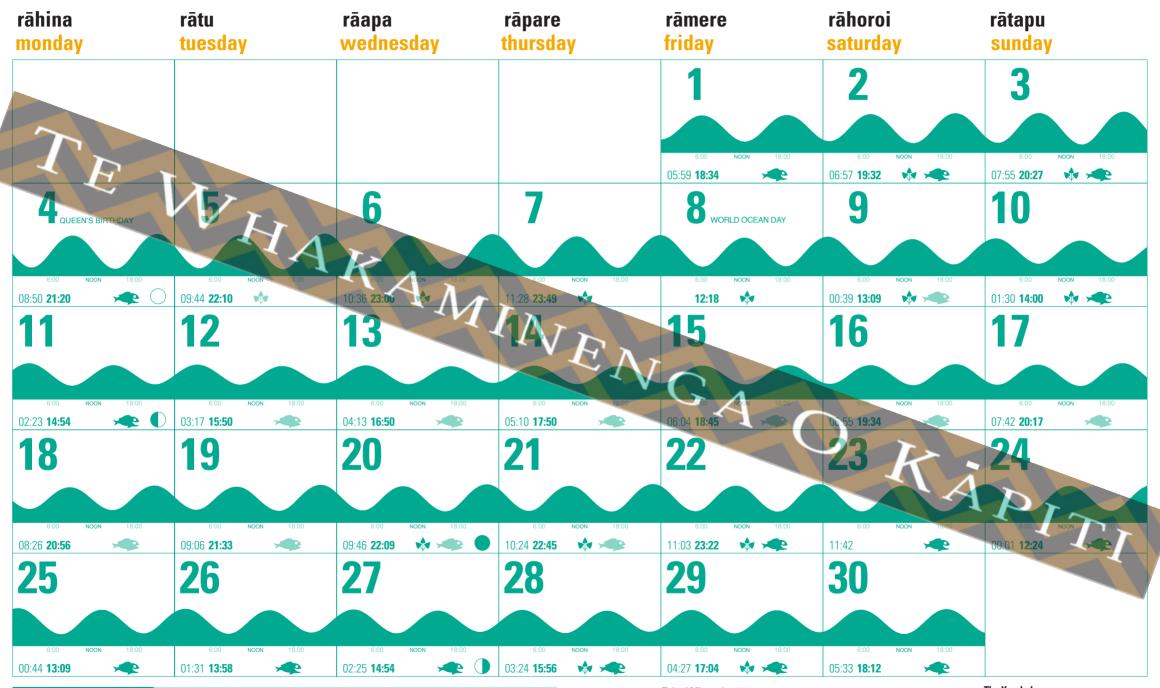
Haru Raika and Rikihana Carkeek (right) egged on by Miki and Paddy Rikihana, Stan Dawson, Henry Johnson



Te PAMU

Pacifica Beats NZ 2010 Winners, all the way from Ōtaki from left: Matariki Styles (drums) Carne Doyle (lead vocals) Rongotai Bevan (keys n bass) Te Whaio Manga (lead guitar)

pipirijune





Tainui Minstrels 1905 Rikihana Carkeek seated first left image courtesy Te Waari Carkeek The Ōtaki Brass Band 1902

The Ōtaki Brass Band 1902 image courtesy Ōtaki Museum The Korohekes image courtesy Georgia Hapeta Te Pamu image courtesy Monica Fraser

Matariki ahunga nui Matariki hunga nui

A time of assembly for the people

in the beginning . .

Our connection to the land some say, began with the stars and the heavens. Matariki has been and still is, a time to remember the past and a time to restore faith and hope for the future.

Traditional Māori lore tells of creation from lo Matua e Kore (lo parent of the nothingness) to Te Ao Marama (the world of light). Matariki is deeply embedded in Maori culture, acknowledged and revived through art, song, proverbs, stories and genealogy.

Like other peoples around the world, Māori looked to the heavens and noted the travel pattern of the stars and knew their rising and setting meant seasonal change.

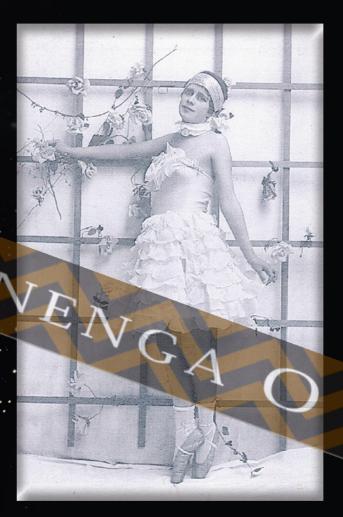
The appearance of Matariki determined how to prepare the land. If Matariki appeared clear and bright, the weather would be warm and the harvest plentiful. If blurred and hazy, the weather would be cold and the harvest poor.

The proverb:

"Ngā kai a Matariki, nāna i ao ake ki runga"

Matariki scoops up the food signifying the neccessity of planning and preserving food for the winter.

This whakatauki (proverbial saying) reminds us that the work should be completed by the time Matariki rises in late May or June.



Goldie Rikihana 1926

Goldie had a ballet school in the Masonic Hall in Jubilee Road as well as working for Jimmy Williams, the plumber.



Tazzie Hakaraia

performing at the Christmas Variety Show 1960's

maramatakalunar calendar

whiro rākaunui

begins the day after a new moon on a pākehā calendar begins the day after a full moon on a pākehā calendar

whiro	the moon enters a new phase
tirea	reasonably good night for crayfishing, eeling and planting
hoata	very good day for eeling, crayfishing, planting kumara and sowing any seed
ōue	a good day for establishing tuber beds, planting food and fishing
ōkoro	another good day for planting food, fish are restless
tamatea-kai-ariki	a day for planting food, west winds prevail that only rain will quell
tamatea-ā-ngana	eels are voracious feeders this night, a good day for planting food and fishing but beware of fog and foaming sea
tamatea āiō	eel, fish and kumara are abundant but small,

eel, fish and kumara are abundant but small a productive day for collecting shellfish, fishermen beware! favourable day for planting from morning to midday, not very good for fishing a disagreeable day, one for marking time do not plant food. not a good day for fishing, eel and crayfish are wary a most favorable day for planting food, kumara are large, but rot

māwharu guickly, a good day for fishing, a good night for trapping crayfish and eel a very good day for planting food ōhua atua whakahaehae not a good day for planting food or fishing a good day for bobbing eel, ōturu a good day for fishing and for planting food from midday

a very good day, crops are bountiful, a good day for fishing, rākaunui but not eeling rākaumatohi a very good day for fishing but not eeling, seed plants grow vigorously takirau (faintly visible) the moon is hazy, food is bountiful but small in size not a good day for fishing or planting food oike an unproductive night on the shore, winds sweep the seas korekore te whiawhia not a fruitful night, food is scarce but await the turn of the tide korekore te rawea korekore piri ki tangaroa a good day from midday to sundown a productive period for taking eel, trapped or otherwise most foods are plentiful a good day for planting food, for fishing and eeling tangaroa-ā-mua tangaroa-ā-roto productive days for fishing and for planting food a good day for fishing and the cultivation of seed beds tangaroa- whakapau tangaroa-ā-kiokio a good day for taking eel, for fishing and setting crayfish and eel trap a good day for fishing, eeling and crayfishing. a reasonably good ōtāne day for planting food

unproductive day and night



tamatea-whakapaua

ariroa

huna

to sundown









a very productive day for planting food, fishing and celing

not a productive day, food is scarce, fish are restless and turn tail

the moon has diminished and the world is now in total darkness

ōrongonui

mutuwhenua

mauri

Mihi

Kia ū ki uta
Kia ū ki tai
Kia ū ki tēnei tauira
Ko te mauri o Papa
Ko te mauri o Rangi
Ko te mauri o tēnei matua iwi
Ko te mauri o tēnei puawaitanga e

Tenā koutou ngā mate kua wheturangitia hāere atu rā. Heio, ko tātou ngā whakarerenga iho a rātou mā, e korikori tonu nei, e pikau tonu nei i ngā mahi a rātou mā, tēnā hoki tātou.

He taonga tuku iho tēnei maramataka hou.

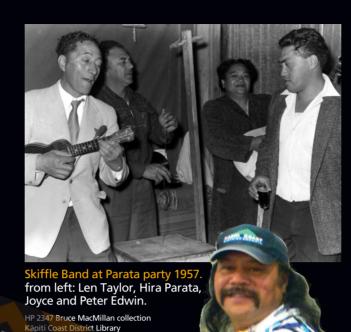
E kiia nei te kõrero, mā te rangahau me te kimi ka kitea, mā te kõrero ka whakaarahia ake anō o tātou tikanga i roto i te hinengaro,

te whakaaro me te wairua o te tangata.

He aha ai?

Hei whainga mā tātou e takatū nei i te mata o te whenua.

Mauri ora ki a tātou katoa





Rikihana Band

Tommy and Rawiri, Adam on drums, Graham lead singer



Korohekes Accapella group

from left: George Johnson, Whatumairangi Tahiwi , Miki and Paddy Rikihana

image courtesy Georgia Hapeta













© The copyright in this calendar is owned by Te Whakaminenga O Kāpiti.

The copyright in the images used in this calendar are as stated. Except as provided by the Copyright Act 1994, no part of this calendar may be reproduced or stored in a retrieval system in any form or by any means without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.