Appendix F. Tracked-changes versions of General Residential Zone and Subdivision in Residential Zones chapters

The General Residential Zone and Subdivision in Residential Zones chapters of the District Plan are proposed to include a significant number of alterations as part of this IPI. The purpose of this appendix is to provide tracked-changes versions of the full extent of these chapters, so that the proposed amendments can be seen in context.

As outlined in the IPI, there are a range of other chapters that will be subject to proposed amendments. Refer to the Operative District Plan <u>e-Plan</u> for the existing provisions related to all other chapters covered by this IPI.

This appendix is are provided for information only, and does not form part of the IPI.

GRZ - General Residential Zone

Introduction

The *Residential Zones* of the Kāpiti Coast are the urban areas where *residential activities* are the primary activity. The *Residential Zones* generally have a low density and detached built form, however there are areas where other built residential forms provide for a range of densities and built forms, including higher density and non-traditional (i.e. shared housing) residential developments and papakāinga are provided for.

There is an ongoing need to manage other *land* use activities that produce *effects* which adversely affect the quality of the *Residential Zones*. A high level of residential amenity and a low level of *nuisance effects* are sought within the *Residential Zones*. There are some activities (for example, churches, dairies, and some *community facilities*) that are able to co-exist with *residential activities* and that contribute to a walkable, high-amenity, resilient local community, which need to be enabled in appropriate circumstances.

The following issues are covered in this Chapter:

- housing choice
- residential amenity
- local character
- · management of development densities
- non-residential activities in the Residential Zones.

This Chapter contains policies, rules and standards relating specifically to the General Residential Zone. Policies, rules and standards relating to the other *Residential Zones* (the Ngārara Development Area and Precincts 1, 2, 4 and 5 of the Waikanae North Development Area) are located within the Development Area chapters.

District-wide policies that set out *Council*'s approach to managing urban development and *residential activities* in all areas and *zones* across the District are set out in the Strategic <u>DirectonDirection</u> chapters. Rules and standards relating to *residential activities* in other *zones* are located in the relevant area-specific chapters (e.g. Commercial Mixed Use Zones, Rural Zones).

Many areas in the *General Residential Zone* are characterised by special features as shown on the District Plan. Chapters relating to special features (e.g. Natural Hazards, Historic Heritage, and Natural Environment Values) also contain relevant provisions applying to the *General Residential Zones*.

General Residential Zone

The General Residential Zone contributes to the development of a well-functioning urban environment by enabling a variety of housing types and sizes that will provide a greater diversity of housing options for the city. The provisions of this zone incorporate the Medium Density Residential Standards (the MDRS) and give effect to Policy 3 of the National Policy Statement on Urban Development 2020 (the NPS-UD).

A mix of housing densities are provided for throughout the Zone, with higher densities enabled in areas that are well served by public transport or are close to a range of commercial activities and community services. Housing types anticipated in the Zone include detached housing, semi-

detached housing, terrace housing, low-rise apartments, and in some areas mid-rise apartments. The *development* of *papakāinga* is also provided for within the Zone. The Zone does not promote one form of housing over another but instead provides flexibility to meet the community's diverse housing needs.

It is anticipated that the form, appearance and amenity of neighbourhoods within the Zone will change over time. Design guidelines help manage this change by promoting a high standard of urban design and encouraging new development to contribute positively to the changing character of the Zone.

The following precincts are used to recognise or provide for a range of specific matters throughout the Zone:

Residential Intensification Precincts

The Zone supports a higher density of development in areas that are close to rapid transit stops, the *Metropolitan Centre Zone*, the *Town Centre Zone* and the *Local Centre Zone*. These are areas that are well served by public transport or are accessible to a range of existing or planned commercial activities and community services. Higher density development is provided for in the following intensification precincts:

Residential Intensification Precinct A

This Precinct encompasses the part of the Zone that is located within a walkable catchment of the edge of the Metropolitan Centre Zone, and the train stations at Paekākāriki. Paraparaumu and Waikanae. The precinct enables the development of buildings up to and including 6-storeys in height. This precinct gives effect to policy 3(c) of the NPS-UD.

Residential Intensification Precinct B

This precinct encompasses the part of the Zone that is adjacent to the *Town Centre Zone* and the *Local Centre Zone*. The precinct enables the development of buildings up to 4storeys in height. This precinct gives effect to policy 3(d) of the NPS-UD.

Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct

The Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct covers parts of the Zone near to the coast that have been identified as being potentially susceptible to coastal erosion hazard. The purpose of this precinct is to identify the area within which the level of *development* otherwise required by the Medium Density Residential Standards and policy 3 of the NPS-UD will not be enabled until the management of coastal hazards is addressed through a future coastal environment plan change.

Beach Residential Precinct

The Beach Residential Precinct provides for policies that recognise that coastal landforms and mature established vegetation are notable characteristics of the Precinct.

Within the Waikanae Beach Residential Precinct, the largely intact historical subdivision pattern is recognised as a notable characteristic. This pattern dates back to the subdivision of the area as a beach settlement in the period between the 1920s and 1950s.

While it is anticipated that the character of the Beach Residential Precinct will change over time, these policies require that, where *subdivision*, use and *development* is not a *permitted activity*, consideration is given to these characteristics.

With the exception of the part of the precinct that is located in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct, there are no specific rules for building density or subdivision associated with the Beach Residential Precinct.

Waikanae Garden Precinct

The Waikanae Garden Precinct provides for a policy that recognises that the presence of existing mature trees and areas of extensive vegetation are a notable characteristic of the Precinct.

While it is anticipated that the character of the Waikanae Garden Precinct will change over time, this policy requires that, where *subdivision*, use and *development* is not a *permitted activity*, consideration is given to these characteristics.

There are no specific rules for building density or subdivision associated with the Waikanae Garden Precinct.

County Road Otaki Precinct

This precinct provides for specific subdivision rules associated with a scheduled ecological site and the provision of an integrated traffic management assessment for the development of a number of lots located around County Road, Ōtaki. Refer to the Subdivision in Residential Zones chapter for rules associated with this precinct.

The General Residential Zone comprises the majority of the *Residential Zones*. Apart from areas where higher densities are anticipated (for example, Medium Density Housing and Focused Infill Precinct Areas), the Residential Zone is characterised by low density detached residential development. Within the *General Residential Zone* there are distinctive *subdivision* design and built form elements which are unique to specific neighbourhoods and strongly indicative of the village identities in the District. Within the dominant low density built form there is a capacity for a variety of housing typologies.

Within the Residential Zone there are distinct precincts, which are defined on the District Plan Maps. These precincts have location-specific issues which need to be managed. The precincts are:

General Precincts

Waikanae Garden Precinct

This precinct is characterised by low residential density and high amenity values associated with existing established *trees* and remnant *indigenous vegetation*. *Development* should be undertaken in a manner which is sympathetic to preserving the existing high standards of character and *amenity values*.

Pekawy Precinct

This precinct is located in Peka Peka. A *structure plan* (Appendix 5) has been developed to manage the location, form and scale of *development* within the precinct.

Ferndale Area Precinct

This precinct is designed to preserve the existing high standard of character and *amenity values* of Waikanae North. The precinct is subject to a *structure plan* and associated notations (Appendix 4).

Waikanae Golf Precinct

This precinct is a small residential area adjacent to the Waikanae Golf Course. Controls specific to the precinct have been established to ensure *development* is sympathetic to its context.

The Drive Extension Precinct

This precinct is a small residential area on Otaihanga Road that adjoins both General Residential and Rural Lifestyle Zone areas. Controls specific to the precinct have been established to ensure *development* is sympathetic to its context.

Te Horo Beach

Low Density Housing Precincts

Panorama Drive Precinct

This precinct is a very low density residential area located on the urban edge of Paraparaumu. The density of *development* within this area is limited due to:

- i. the high visibility of the area from beyond the precinct and an associated need to manage potential significant visual *effects* arising from insensitive development; and
- ii. the benefits of providing a low-density transitional area at the urban edge.

Ötaki Low Density Housing Precinct

This precinct is a very low density residential area in the vicinity of Lupin Road in northern Ōtaki. The density of *development* is limited because of the location of the area on the urban edge and surface water management constraints.

Paraparaumu Low Density Precinct

This area around Ventnor Drive, Paraparaumu serves as a transition between the northern edge of the urban area along the *State Highway* at Paraparaumu and the rural area south of the Waikanae River.

Manu Grove Low Density Housing Precinct

This low density precinct provides a transition to the rural area north of Waikanae township, and includes large existing *allotments* characterised by mature vegetation, *ecological sites* and relatively low built intensity.

County Road Ōtaki Low Density Precinct

This low density precinct provides a transition between the Ōtaki township and the southwestern edge of the Ōtaki Plateau. The density of development within this area is limited, consistent with the surrounding residential area's character that includes large *allotments* and mature vegetation.

Intensification Precincts

Focused Infill Precinct (Paraparaumu, Raumati Beach, Waikanae and Ōtaki)

This precinct allows for *subdivision* resulting in higher densities than the *general residential* area, but lower than the Medium Density Precinct. The precinct is applied to areas where focused *infill* does not detract from the character of the area and there is good accessibility to *centres*, public *open space* and public transport facilities.

Medium Density Housing Precinct (Paraparaumu, Paraparaumu Beach and Raumati Beach)

This precinct identifies locations where the development of *medium density housing* is supported, generally in locations where the character of the area is not so sensitive to more intensive development and where higher density land uses will have positive *effects* in regard to community *infrastructure*.

Medium Density Housing Precincts are located within a five-minute walk (approximately 400 metres) of *shops*, services, public transport nodes, parks or other amenities for residents. The Medium Density Housing Design Guide is included in Appendix 2.

Beach Residential Precincts

The four Beach Residential Precinct areas extend across the four coastal settlements of Ōtaki

Beach, Waikanae Beach, Raumati and Paekākāriki. These settlements have a linear layout, low key 'beach' character and expressive topography enhanced by prominent mature vegetation. Their memorable natural setting contributes to a strong sense of place. While each of the four settlements has its own ambience and individuality, they share a range of common features derived from similarities in their coastal location, topography and history of land *subdivision*. Common patterns that underpin their 'beach' character include:

• well-defined boundaries and a strong sense of place;

- prominent views to local features, as well as to more distant natural features;
- distinctive landscapes comprised of memorable natural features (beaches and coastlines, dunes, and identifiable clusters of established vegetation);
- landform variation which has influenced the street network and block structure, the subdivision and development patterns, and a variety of streetscape conditions;
- an intricate relationship between natural and built form with *buildings* that are sympathetic to and fit in well with the landscape setting;
- low density, low scale character, based on one and two storey buildings and relatively low building coverage;
- diverse building character, including a mix of old and new houses with wide variations in building age, style, materials and form; and
- relatively large allotments with a potential for redevelopment.

Given the distinctive qualities of these areas, it is important to ensure that new *development* is sensitive to its landscape setting and enhances the collective character, *amenity value* and public significance of each area.

The Beach Residential Precincts are subject to specific rules and standards. The Special Character Area Guidelines in Appendix 3 set out the manner in which *development* in the Beach Residential Precincts should be undertaken.

General Residential Area

The areas of the General Residential Zone which do not have additional place-based provisions which modify the zone's provisions are identified with the *General Residential Area* Precinct.

Strategic Context

The Primary Objectives that this chapter implements are:

- DO-O1 Tāngata Whenua;
- DO-O3 Development Management;
- <u>DO-Ox1 Well-functioning Urban Environments;</u>
- DO-Ox2 Housing Variety and Choice;
- DO-Ox3 Residential Intensification Precincts;
- DO-O4 Coastal Environment;
- DO-O8 Strong Communities;
- DO-O11 Character and Amenity Values;
- DO-O12 Housing Choice and Affordability;
- DO-O13 Infrastructure;
- DO-O14 Access and Transport;
- DO-O15 Economic Vitality; and
- DO-O17 Open Spaces / Active Communities.

DO-O1 Tāngata Whenua

To work in partnership with the tangata whenua of the District in order to maintain kaitiakitanga of the

District's resources and ensure that decisions affecting the natural *environment* in the District are made in accordance with the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi (Treaty of Waitangi).

DO-O3 Development Management

To maintain a consolidated urban form within existing urban areas and a limited number of identified growth areas, which and to provide for the development of new urban areas where these can be efficiently serviced and integrated with existing townships, delivering:

- 1. urban areas which maximise the efficient end use of energy and integration with infrastructure;
- 2. a variety of living and working areas in a manner which reinforces the function and vitality of centres;
- <u>3.</u> <u>an urban environment that enables more people to live in, and more businesses and community services to be located in, parts of the urban environment:</u>
 - a. that are in or near a Centre Zone or other area with many employment opportunities;
 - b. that are well serviced by existing or planned public transport; or
 - c. where there is high demand for housing or for business land relative to other areas within the urban environment;
- <u>4.</u> 3. resilient communities where development does not result in an increase in risk to life or severity of damage to property from natural hazard events;
- 5. 4. higher residential densities in locations that are close to centres and public open spaces, with good access to public transport;
- <u>6.</u> 5. management of development in areas of special character or amenity so as to maintain, and where practicable, enhance in a manner that has regard to those special values;
- <u>7.</u> 6. sustainable natural processes including freshwater systems, areas characterised by the productive potential of the land, ecological integrity, identified landscapes and features, and other places of significant natural amenity;
- 8. 7. an adequate supply of housing and areas for business/employment to meet the needs of the District's anticipated population which is provided at a rate and in a manner that can be sustained within the finite carrying capacity of the District; and
- <u>9.</u> 8. management of the location and effects of potentially incompatible land uses including any interface between such uses-; and
- <u>10.</u> <u>urban environments that support reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and are resilient to</u> <u>the current and future effects of climate change.</u>

DO-Ox1 Well-functioning Urban Environments

<u>A well-functioning urban environment that enables all people and communities to provide for their</u> social, economic, and cultural wellbeing, and for their health and safety, now and into the future.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the objectives in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

DO-Ox2 Housing Variety and Choice

Relevant residential zones provide for a variety of housing types and sizes that respond to:

- 1. Housing needs and demand; and
- 2. <u>The neighbourhood's planned urban built character, including 3-storey buildings.</u>

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the objectives in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

DO-Ox3 Residential Intensification Precincts

Residential Intensification Precincts provide for higher density housing types and sizes that respond to:

- 1. Housing needs and demand;
- 2. The proximity of the area to the Metropolitan Centre Zone, Town Centre Zone or Local Centre

Zone;

- 3. Accessibility to and from the area by active or public transport; and
- 4. The neighbourhood's planned urban built character, including:
 - a. 6-storey buildings within Residential Intensification Precinct A; and
 - b. 4-storey buildings within Residential Intensification Precinct B.

DO-O4 Coastal Environment

To have a coastal environment where:

- 1. areas of outstanding natural character and high natural character, outstanding natural features and landscapes, areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna are identified and protected;
- 2. areas of outstanding natural character and high natural character are restored where degraded;
- 3. the effects of inappropriate subdivision, use and development are avoided, remedied, or mitigated;
- 4. public access to and along the coast to facilitate active and passive recreational use is maintained and enhanced while managing inappropriate vehicle access; and
- 5. Inappropriate development does not result in further loss of coastal dunes in the area mapped as the coastal environment.

DO-O8 Strong Communities

To support a cohesive and inclusive community where people:

- 1. have easy access and connectivity to quality and attractive public places and local social and community services and facilities;
- 2. have increased access to locally produced food, energy and other products and resources;
- 3. have improved health outcomes through opportunities for active living or access to health services; and
- 4. have a strong sense of safety and security in public and private spaces.

DO-O11 Character and Amenity Values

To maintain and enhance recognise the unique character and *amenity values* of the District's distinct communities, while providing for character and *amenity values* to develop and change over time in response to the diverse and changing needs of people, communities and future generations, so that residents and visitors enjoy:

- relaxed, unique and distinct village identities and predominantly low-density residential areas characterised by the presence of mature vegetation, a variety of built forms <u>and building</u> <u>densities</u>, the retention of landforms, and <u>the recognition of</u> unique community identities;
- vibrant, lively <u>metropolitan and</u> town centres supported by higher density residential and mixed use areas;
- neighbourhood <u>local centres</u>, village communities and employment areas characterised by high levels of amenity, accessibility and convenience;
- 4. productive rural areas, characterised by openness, natural landforms, areas and corridors of *indigenous vegetation*, and *primary production activities*; and
- 5. well managed interfaces between different types of land use areas (e.g. between living, working and rural areas and between potentially conflicting land uses), so as to minimise adverse *effects*.

DO-O12 Housing Choice and Affordability

To meet diverse community needs by increasing the amount of housing that:

- 1. is of densities, locations, types, attributes, size and tenure that meets the social and economic wellbeing needs of households in suitable urban and rural locations;
- 2. is affordable and adequate for lower income households; and
- 3. can respond to the changing needs of residents, regardless of age, mobility, health or lifestyle

preference;

while enhancing the amenity of living environments and contributing to the sustainability of communities and compatibility with the goals of environmental sustainability, in particular resource, water and energy efficiency.

DO-O13 Infrastructure

To recognise the importance and national, regional and local benefits of *infrastructure* and ensure the efficient *development*, maintenance and operation of an adequate level of social and physical *infrastructure* and services throughout the District that:

- 1. meets the needs of the community and the region; and
- 2. builds stronger community resilience, while avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse *effects* on the *environment*.

DO-O14 Access and Transport

To ensure that the transport system in the District:

- 1. integrates with land use and urban form and maximises accessibility;
- 2. improves the efficiency of travel and maximises mode choice to enable people to act sustainably as well as improving the resilience and health of communities;
- 3. contributes to a strong economy;
- 4. avoids, remedies or mitigates adverse effects on land uses;
- 5. does not have its function and operation unreasonably compromised by other activities;
- 6. is safe, fit for purpose, cost effective and provides good connectivity for all communities; and
- 7. provides for the integrated movement of people, goods and services.

DO-O15 Economic Vitality

To promote sustainable and on-going economic development of the local economy, including the rural sector, with improved number and quality of jobs and investment through:

1.

- a. encouraging *business activities* in appropriate locations within the District, principally through differentiating and managing various types of *business activities* both on the basis of the activity, and the potential local and strategic *effects* of their operation;
- b. reinforcing a compact, well designed and sustainable regional form supported by an integrated *transport network*;
- c. enabling opportunities to make the economy more resilient and diverse;
- d. providing opportunities for the growth of a low carbon economy, including clean technology;
- e. minimising reverse sensitivity effects on business activities, including primary production activities; and
- f. enhancing the amenity of *Working Zones*;

while:

- 2.
- a. ensuring that economic growth and development is able to be efficiently serviced by *infrastructure*;
- b. encouraging commercial consolidation and the co-location of community services and facilities primarily within the *Paraparaumu Sub-Regional Centre* and *Town Centres*; and
- c. managing contamination, pollution, odour, noise and glare, associated with *business activities,* including *primary production activities.*

DO-O17 Open Spaces / Active Communities

To have a rich and diverse network of open space areas that:

1. is developed, used and maintained in a manner that does not give rise to significant adverse

effects on the natural and physical environment;

- 2. protects the District's cultural, ecological and *amenity values*, while allowing for the enhancement of the quality of *open space* areas;
- 3. supports the identity, health, cohesion and resilience of the District's communities; and
- 4. ensures that the present and future recreational and open space needs of the District are met.

Provisions in other chapters of the Plan may also be relevant.

See Rule NH-FLOOD-R2 for separation of *buildings* and *structures* from *waterbodies* standards, TR-PARK-R18 to TR-PARK-R21 for Parking, INF-MENU-R27 to INF-MENU-R29, INF-MENU-R35, INF-MENU-R37, <u>SUB-DW-Rx</u>, SUB-DW-R4, SUB-DW-R5 and SUB-DW-R23 in relation to *water* and *stormwater* and the Financial Contributions chapter in relation to financial contributions rules and standards for all development.

Policies

GRZ-Px1 *Medium Density Residential Standards* – Policy 1

Enable a variety of housing typologies with a mix of densities within the Zone, including 3-storey attached and detached dwellings, and low-rise apartments.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the policies in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

<u>GRZ-Px2</u> *Medium Density Residential Standards* – Policy 2

Apply the MDRS across all *relevant residential zones* in the district plan except in circumstances where a qualifying matter is relevant (including matters of significance such as *historic heritage* and the relationship of Māori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral *lands*, *water*, *sites*, *waahi tapu*, and other *taonga*).

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the policies in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

GRZ-Px3 Medium Density Residential Standards – Policy 3

Encourage *development* to achieve attractive and safe streets and public *open spaces*, including by providing for passive surveillance.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the policies in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

GRZ-Px4 *Medium Density Residential Standards* – Policy 4

Enable housing to be designed to meet the day-to-day needs of residents.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the policies in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

<u>GRZ-Px5</u> <u>Medium Density Residential Standards – Policy 5</u>

Provide for *developments* not meeting *permitted activity* status, while encouraging high-quality *developments*.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the policies in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

GRZ-Px6 Residential Intensification Precincts

 Provide for higher-density housing within Residential Intensification Precincts, including: within Residential Intensification Precinct A, 6-storey residential buildings; and within Residential Intensification Precinct B, 4-storey residential buildings; within Residential Intensification Precinct B, 4-storey residential buildings; where development meets the requirements of the Residential Design Guide. 		
<u>GRZ-Px7</u>	Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct	
Within the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct, the level of <i>development</i> otherwise required by the <u>Medium Density Residential Standards</u> and policy 3 of the NPS-UD will not be enabled until the management of coastal hazards within the precinct is addressed through a future coastal environment plan change.		
GRZ-P1	Medium Density Housing	
 Medium density housing will be provided for in precinct areas identified on the District Plan Maps, which are in close proximity (i.e. approximately five minutes walk or 400m) to centres, open spaces, public transport networks and where existing infrastructure has sufficient capacity. Medium density housing developments will be designed and developed in a manner which: is of a suitable and compatible location, height, density, scale, and bulk relative to the context, adjacent land uses, streets and reserves; ensures high quality, high-amenity living conditions in comprehensive and coordinated medium density housing developments, including appropriate private outdoor living areas and landscaping which meet the on-site outdoor amenity needs of residents; is consistent with the principles in the Medium Density Housing Design Guide in Appendix 2. The Design Guide will be used as an assessment tool for applications to establish new medium density housing or to modify lawfully established medium density housing; and 		
finishing.	cessive <i>building</i> dominance, including through <i>building height</i> and mass, materials and	
Focused <i>infill</i> development will be provided for in identified precincts which are close to <i>centres</i> , other local services, and public <i>open spaces</i> and which have sufficient <i>infrastructure</i> capacity. The resulting density will be higher than <i>general residential</i> areas but lower than <i>medium density housing</i> precinct areas.		
GRZ-P3	Special Character Areas	
<i>Development</i> , use and <i>subdivision</i> in special character areas, identified in the District Plan Maps, will recognise the distinct identity and valued character of the area and will be compatible with the valued character of the area.		
The District's s	pecial character areas are the:	
	epecial character areas are the: esidential Precinct at:	
1. Beach Re a. Pael b. Rau c. Wail	esidential Precinct at: cākāriki;	
1. Beach Re a. Pael b. Rau c. Wail d. Ōtak	esidential Precinct at: kākāriki; mati; kanae Beach;	

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GRZ-P4	Beach Residential Precincts	
<i>Subdivision</i> , use and <i>development</i> in the Beach Residential Precincts will be undertaken in a manner that protects the valued character and qualities of these areas in accordance with Appendix 3 Special Character Areas Design Guidelines.		
	<i>ubdivision</i> or <i>development</i> is proposed in the Beach Residential Precincts, specific will be given to the extent to which the proposal:	
 contributes to the collective identity of the local <i>environment</i>; reinforces an attractive, defined and coherent streetscape character and is responsive to specific local conditions; is sympathetic to and maintains the integrity of the existing landscape, landform and vegetation; is compatible in scale with its built context; is coherently designed and of good design quality; and retains mature vegetation, reinforces existing planting patterns and integrates <i>buildings</i> into the existing landscape setting. 		
Residential Pr <u>1.</u> Mainta <u>2.</u> Retain <u>3.</u> The re	se and <i>development</i> in the Beach Residential Precincts (excluding the Waikanae Beach ecinct) will give consideration to: ining, where practicable, the intactness of existing dune landforms; ing, where practicable, existing mature trees and areas of extensive vegetation; and lationship between built form and the landscape and streetscape setting, having regard and (2).	
GRZ-P5	Waikanae Beach <u>Residential Precinct</u>	
 Subdivision, use and development in the Waikanae Beach Residential Precinct will be undertaken in a manner that respects and recognises the cultural context and history of the area, including through: limiting subdivision, use and development that affects the dune system in the area; limiting the density of subdivision in the area; and maintaining the natural character of vegetation in the area. Subdivision, use and development in the Waikanae Beach Residential Precinct will give consideration to the area. Maintaining, where practicable, the intactness of existing dune landforms; Cohesiveness, where practicable, with the historic subdivision pattern of the Precinct; and The relationship between built form and the landscape and streetscape setting, having regard to (1) and (2). 		
GRZ-P6	Waikanae Garden Precinct	
Subdivision in the Waikanae Garden Precinct will be managed to retain the valued low density 'garden' character of the area. Use and development will ensure that mature trees and extensive areas of vegetation are retained and where possible enhanced. Subdivision, use and development in the Waikanae Garden Precinct will give consideration to: 1. Retaining, where practicable, existing mature trees and areas of extensive vegetation; and 2. The relationship between built form and the landscape and streetscape setting, having regard to (1).		
GRZ-P7	Development and Landforms	
<i>Subdivision</i> , use and <i>development</i> (including associated <i>driveways</i>) should be sited, designed and undertaken to integrate with the natural topography and landform of the land and to minimise:		
1. the visua	l impact, bulk and scale of <i>buildings</i> and <i>structures</i> on identified landscape values,	

GRZ-P8

ecological sites, geological features or areas of high natural character;

- 2. the extent of cut and fill;
- 3. the need for and the *height* of retaining walls; and

Reverse Sensitivity

4. the mass of *buildings* on sloping land, by variations in wall and roof lines and by floor plans which complement the contours of the land.

New residential *subdivision* and *development* will be located away from lawfully established industrial or intensive rural activities, or areas zoned for these activities, to minimise *reverse sensitivity effects*.

Residential activities (excluding *visitor accommodation* other than *temporary residential rental accommodation*) located at the urban-rural interface will be undertaken in a manner which is compatible with the activities undertaken in the Rural Zones.

GRZ-P9 *Residential Activities* (excluding *visitor accommodation* other than *temporary residential rental accommodation*)

Residential activities will be recognised and provided for as the principal use in the *Residential Zones*, while ensuring that the *effects* of *subdivision*, use and *development* is in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. adverse effects on natural systems will be avoided, remedied or mitigated;
- new built development will relate to local built identity, character values and the density of the surrounding residential environment be compatible with the planned built character of the Zone;
- 3. transport choice and efficiency will be maximised;
- 4. housing types which meet the need of households will be provided for;
- 5. the number of residential units per allotment will be limited; and
- 6. a limited number of *accessory buildings* and *buildings* which are *ancillary* to *residential activities* will be provided for.

GRZ-P10 Residential Amenity

Subdivision, use and *development* in the *Residential Zones* will be required to achieve a high level of on-site amenity for residents and neighbours in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. building size and footprint will be proportional to the size of the allotment;
- 2. usable and easily accessible private outdoor living spaces will be provided;
- 3. *buildings* and *structures* will be designed and located to maximise sunlight access, privacy and amenity for the *site* and adjoining *allotments*;
- 4. *buildings* and *structures* will be designed and located to minimise visual impact and to ensure they are of a scale which is consistent with the area's urban form compatible with the planned built character of the Zone;
- 5. appropriate separation distances will be maintained between *buildings*;
- 6. *yards* will be provided to achieve appropriate *building* setbacks from neighbouring areas, the street and the coast;
- 7. hard and impermeable surfaces will be offset by permeable areas on individual *allotments*;
- 8. unreasonable and excessive noise, odour, smoke, dust, light, glare and vibration will be avoided;
- 9. *non-residential buildings* will be of a form and scale which is compatible with the surrounding residential *environment*; and
- 10. service areas for *non-residential activities* will be screened, and planting and *landscaping* will be provided.

GRZ-P11 Residential Streetscape

Development, use and *subdivision* will enhance the amenity, functionality and safety of the streetscape in the *Residential Zones*. To achieve a positive relationship between *development* and the street, *development* will be undertaken in accordance with the *Council's* Streetscape Strategy and Guideline:

- 1. the sharing of *vehicle access ways* will be encouraged;
- 2. direct pedestrian access will be provided from the street to the front entrance of the *primary residential building*, where practicable;
- 3. where practicable, at least one *habitable room* will be orientated towards the street;
- 4. the safety of road users, including pedestrians and cyclists, will not be adversely affected; and
- 5. on-site vehicle manoeuvring will be provided for rear *allotments*, *allotments* with significant sloping driveways and on *strategic arterial routes*.

GRZ-P12	Landscaping

Landscaping will be required for non-residential activities and intensive-residential development in the Residential Zones to enhance residential amenity, while promoting water conservation and biodiversity and allowing for the natural infiltration of surface waters through permeable treatments. Landscaping will be located and designed in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. the visual impact of large buildings will be reduced by appropriate screening and planting;
- 2. service areas, loading areas and outdoor storage areas will be screened;
- 3. on-site outdoor living spaces will be defined and enhanced by landscaping;
- 4. sunlight access and passive surveillance to adjoining areas will not be unreasonably restricted;
- 5. public infrastructure and services will not be damaged or blocked;
- 6. planting of locally indigenous vegetation will be encouraged; and
- 7. permeable surfaces will be provided for the natural infiltration of surface waters.

GRZ-P13 Energy Efficiency

Where practicable, *development* and *subdivision* in the *Residential Zones* will be designed to minimise energy consumption by maximising *sunlight* access, and incorporating passive ventilation. Specifically, *development* will be undertaken in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. good *sunlight* access should be prioritised to main living areas, *habitable rooms* (including rooms used for hospital recovery) and the private *open space* associated with living areas; and
- 2. the potential for natural cross-ventilation will be maximised to enable cooling breezes to reduce internal temperatures in the summer months.

GRZ-P14 *Minor Residential Units*

A *minor residential unit* will be provided for where it is *ancillary* to a *residential unit* and is undertaken in the following manner:

- 1. it will be of a scale suitable to accommodate 1 or 2 persons;
- 2. it will not compromise the provision of sufficient outdoor living space areas; and
- 3. it will not unreasonably affect the privacy, outlook or *sunlight* access of the *primary residential building* or adjoining properties and public spaces.

GRZ-P15 Accessory Buildings

Accessory buildings will be provided for where they are ancillary to residential activities on-site (excluding visitor accommodation which is not a temporary residential rental accommodation) and are undertaken in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. they will not unreasonably affect the privacy, amenity, outlook or *sunlight* access of other *residential buildings* or adjacent properties and public spaces;
- 2. their size, cumulative area, location and visual appearance will not dominate other *residential buildings* or streetscape; and
- 3. they will not compromise the provision of sufficient *outdoor living spaces*.

GRZ-P16 Supported Living and Older Persons Accommodation

The *development* of *supported living accommodation* will be provided for in a range of forms, including units, *minor residential units*, complexes, shared accommodation, rest homes and retirement accommodation, where it is located within the *Residential Zones* and integrated with the surrounding *environment*. *Supported living accommodation* includes accommodation specifically designed for older persons.

Supported living accommodation will be undertaken in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. on-site pedestrian movement and use of *open space* by residents will not be unduly restricted by the slope of the *land*;
- 2. design and development to promote interaction with surrounding communities, without compromising privacy and safety;
- 3. the scale and design of *development* will reflect the residential nature and character of the location, and ensure access through the *subject site* by the public and residents, including the provision of public *legal roads* and pedestrian accessways consistent with residential scale blocks; and
- 4. where practicable, the *development* will be located within walking distance of essential facilities such as local *shops*, health and community services and public transport networks.

GRZ-P17 Shared and Group Accommodation

Shared and group accommodation may be provided for where facilities are shared by residents onsite at an intensity and scale compatible with other residential development within the locality.

Shared and group accommodation will be undertaken in accordance with the following principles. The *development* should be:

- 1. located within walking distance of essential facilities such as local *shops*, health and community services and public *transport networks*;
- 2. located where on-site pedestrian movement of residents is not unduly restricted by the slope of the *land*;
- 3. located and designed to promote interaction with other sections of the community, without compromising privacy and safety;
- 4. of a scale and appearance that reflects the residential nature and character of the surrounding neighbourhood; and
- 5. of a scale and design which ensures access through the *subject site* by the public and residents, including the provision of public *legal road* and pedestrian accessways consistent with residential-scale blocks.

GRZ-P18 Home Businesses

The opportunity to undertake home-based employment will be provided for in a manner which avoids, remedies or mitigates adverse *effects* on the *amenity values* of the *Residential Zones* and the primacy and vitality of *centres*.

GRZ-P19 Non-Residential Activities

1. *Non-residential activities* other than activities managed under the Community Facilities Chapter will be allowed in the *Residential Zones* only if the activities are compatible with *residential activities* and the *amenity values* of residential areas, and if they provide a function which:

- a. minimises the need to travel for daily goods and services;
- b. supports the resilience of the local neighbourhood;
- c. provides a service or function to the local neighbourhood; and
- d. does not detract from the vitality of *centres* and other *Working Zones*.
- 2. In determining whether or not the scale of *effects* of *non-residential activities* is appropriate, particular regard shall be given to:

- a. the appropriateness of the scale, size and intensity of the proposed *buildings* and activities and visual or landscape mitigation proposed;
- b. the *effects* generated by the *buildings* and activities on the safety and efficiency of the local transport network, including the extent to which the activities make efficient use of the *transport network* by minimising the need to travel;
- c. the appropriateness in the design and amount of proposed access and car parking for staff, customers, visitors and service/delivery vehicles;
- d. the hours of operation, including the timing and frequency of delivery/service vehicles;
- e. the *effects* on residential character and *amenity values* of the surrounding *environment* generated by the proposed *building* or activity;
- f. nuisance effects (including noise, odour, light, glare, smoke and dust) produced on-site;
- g. whether or not any proposed signage on the *subject site* is associated with the activity, visually distracting to motorists or dominating or detracting from the amenity of the surrounding *environment*;
- h. whether the activities adversely affect the vitality of centres;
- i. whether the activity provides goods and services to meet the daily needs of the local neighbourhood; and
- j. any cumulative effects.

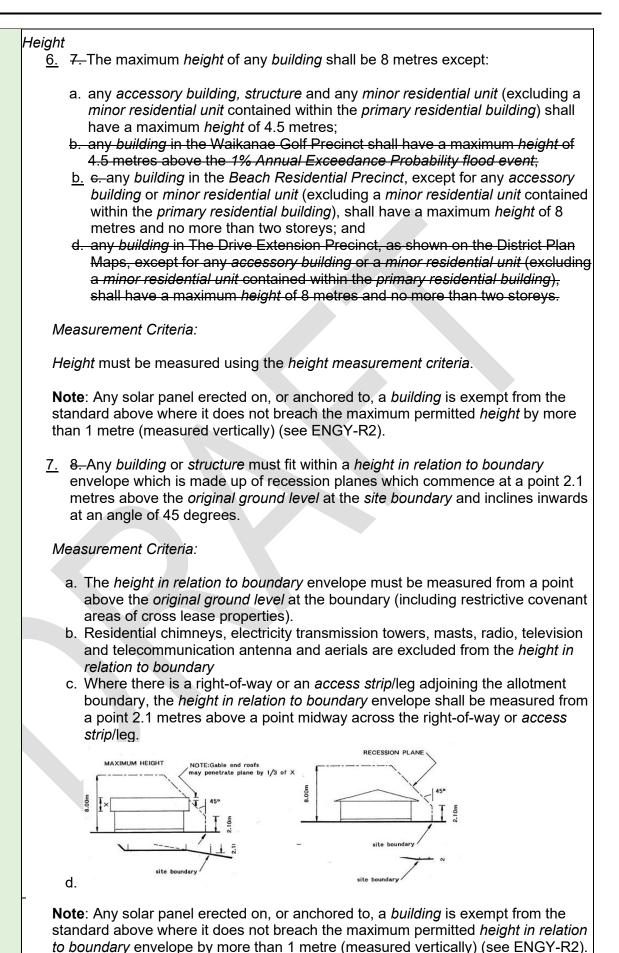
Rules

GRZ-R1	Any activity that is a <i>permitted activity</i> under the rules in this chapter.
Permitted Activity	 Standards: The activity must not cause offensive or objectionable odour, <i>dust</i> or smoke at or beyond the <i>boundary</i> of the <i>site</i> on which it is occurring. Each <i>allotment</i> must have a permeable surface area that is not covered by <i>buildings</i>, paving or other impermeable objects of not less than 30% of the total <i>allotment</i> area. Any lighting must be directed so that the spill of light is contained within the <i>boundaries</i> of the <i>site</i> on which the activity occurs. Light level from the activity must not exceed 10 lux, when measured 1.5 metres inside the <i>boundary</i> of any other <i>site</i> located in the <i>Residential Zones</i> or Rural Zones. This standard does not apply to street lighting on legal roads.
GRZ-R2	Any <i>residential activity</i> which is not specified as a <i>permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying</i> or <i>prohibited activity</i> in the rules in this chapter.
Permitted Activity	Standards The activity complies with all <i>permitted activity</i> standards in this chapter.
GRZ-R3	Fences and Walls

Permitted	Standards		
Activity Height (measured above original ground level)			
	1. The maximum <i>height</i> of any fence or wall on a <i>boundary</i> shall be 2 metres, except:		
	 a. in the front <i>yard</i>, where the maximum <i>height</i> shall be 1.8 metres; b. in the front <i>yard</i> in the Waikanae Beach Precinct where the maximum <i>height</i> shall be 1.8 metres if it is at least 50% visually permeable otherwise the maximum <i>height</i> shall be 1.2 metres; c. along any <i>boundary</i> which adjoins any Natural Open Space or <i>Open Space Zone</i> (excluding the Private Recreation and Leisure Precinct), <i>esplanade</i> or any <i>access strip</i>, where the maximum <i>height</i> shall be 1.8 metres. 		
	2. For the purposes of calculating maximum <i>height</i> under standard (1) above where a fence is erected atop a retaining wall, the <i>height</i> shall be the combined distance measured vertically from the base of the retaining wall to the top of the fence.		
	fence		
	retaining wall		
	•		
Note : For the avoidance of doubt, the standards for fences and walls do not seawalls that are constructed for <i>natural hazard</i> mitigation purposes. In addit wall used as an internal partition or external surface of any <i>building</i> shall be a from this rule.			
GRZ-R4	Shared and group accommodation and supported living accommodation.		
Permitted Activity	Standards		
, tourny	Number of residents and residential units		
	 No more than 6 residents shall be accommodated at any time. No more than one <i>residential unit</i> shall be provided. 		
	Buildings		
	 Any building (excluding minor buildings) used for the purposes of shared and group accommodation or supported living accommodation must comply with the standards in GRZ-R6 excluding standard 2<u>1</u> a) i.<u>, GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2.</u> 		
GRZ-R5	Outdoor storage associated with non-residential activities.		
Permitted Activity	Standards		

	Location
	1. Outdoor storage must not be located in any front yard or any coastal yard.
	Screening
	2. Outdoor storage must be screened from neighbours and any <i>legal road</i> by <i>landscaping</i> or a fence or wall to a maximum <i>height</i> of 2 metres (measured above <i>original ground level</i>). Outdoor storage must not exceed the <i>height</i> of the screening.
	Maximum area
	 Outdoor storage (including screening or <i>landscaping</i>) must not exceed a total area of 25m².
GRZ-R6	New <i>buildings</i> , and any minor works, <i>additions</i> or <i>alterations</i> to any <i>building</i> <u>within the</u> <u>Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct</u> .
	The following are excluded from this rule:
	 Any listed <i>historic heritage building</i> (see the Historic Heritage chapter). <i>Minor Buildings</i>
	<i>Residential unit measurement criteria, qualifying criteria,</i> and <i>measurement criteria</i> apply to some activities under this rule.
	[s80H(1)(b)(i) note: outside of the Coastal Qualifying Matter precinct, this rule is replaced by the density standards in Part 2 of Schedule 3A of the Act (refer new rule GRZ-Rx1). This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]
Permitted	Standards
	Maximum number of <i>residential units</i> (as measured by the <i>Residential Unit Measurement Criteria</i>)
	 For any allotment in a focused infill precinct, no more than one residential unit may be erected.
	 2. For any allotment in the General Residential Zone which is not in a focused infill precinct Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct, no more than one residential unit may be erected, except that:
	a. up to four <i>residential units</i> may be erected on-site provided it can be shown that:
	 i. each <i>residential unit</i> is capable of being contained within its own <i>allotment</i> which complies with the <i>subdivision</i> standards under Rules SUB-RES-R26 and SUB-RES-R27; ii. each <i>residential unit</i> must be separated by a distance not less than 4.5 metres, except that this shall not apply to any attached <i>residential units</i>; iii. each <i>residential unit</i> must comply with the <i>permitted activity</i> standards under GRZ-R6; and iv. each <i>residential unit</i> must comply with the payment of financial
	contributions under the Financial Contributions chapter.

Note : <i>Residential Units</i> associated with <i>visitor accommodation</i> other than <i>temporary residential rental accommodation</i> are not managed by this rule. Refer to Rule GRZ-R11 for visitor accommodation requirements.
Minor residential units
 3. A maximum of one <i>minor residential unit</i> may be erected as <i>ancillary</i> to a <i>residential unit</i> on any <i>allotment</i> that meets the applicable minimum <i>allotment</i> size requirements in Rules SUB-RES-R26 and SUB-RES-R27. 4. A <i>minor residential unit</i> must not be sold or otherwise separately disposed of except in conjunction with the <i>residential unit</i>.
Note : Notwithstanding this standard a <i>minor residential unit</i> may be removed from the <i>allotment</i> .
Qualifying Criteria:
In order to be self-contained a <i>minor residential unit</i> must contain a <i>kitchen</i> and <i>bathroom</i> . A <i>minor residential unit</i> has a gross floor area which is no greater than 54m ² .
Measurement Criteria:
When measuring gross floor area for the purposes of a <i>minor residential unit</i> , include: a. covered yards and areas covered by a roof but not enclosed by walls
 Exclude: a. decks and covered <i>outdoor living spaces</i> b. uncovered stairways; c. floor space in terraces (open or roofed), external balconies, breezeways or porches; d. <i>car parking</i> areas; and e. floor space of interior balconies and mezzanines not used by the public.
Coverage <u>4.</u> 5. The maximum <i>building coverage</i> of any <i>allotment</i> shall be 40%, except in the Beach Residential Precinct where it shall be 35%.
Measurement Criteria:
When measuring <i>building coverage</i> , include: a. any part of the <i>site</i> subject to a designation that may be taken or acquired under the Public Works Act 1981.
 Exclude: a. any section of any buildings that extends out beyond the ground floor level limits of the building and overhangs the ground. b. the footprint of any <i>minor building</i>
 6. The combined maximum area of all accessory buildings on any allotment shall be 60m².
<i>Measurement Criteria:</i> The footprint of any <i>minor building</i> are excluded from the limits in this standard.



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 rea ratio – Beach Residential Precinct 9-Any <i>allotment</i> in the Beach Residential Precinct shall have a maximum <i>floor area ratio</i> of 0.6:1.0, excluding the Beach Residential Precinct at Waikanae Beach where it shall be 0.5:1.0. r living areas 10-The <i>primary residential building</i> must have an <i>outdoor living space</i>. <i>Outdoor living space</i> must: a. have a minimum area of 40m² except in any focused infill precinct where the minimum area shall be 30m²; b. contain no dimension less than 4 metres, except in any focused infill precinct where the where: i. the minimum dimension shall be 2.5 metres; and ii. the court shall be capable of accommodating a circle of not less than 4 metres in diameter; c. be located to the north, west or east of any <i>primary residential building</i>; d. be screened by a fence or vegetation to provide privacy from the ground floor windows and the <i>outdoor living space</i> of other <i>primary residential building</i>; and e. have direct access to an internal <i>habitable room</i> in the <i>primary residential building</i>. <u>Qualifying Criteria</u> <u>Outdoor Living Spaces may be covered but may not be enclosed. An Outdoor building</u>.
 10. The primary residential building must have an outdoor living space. Outdoor living space must: a. have a minimum area of 40m² except in any focused infill precinct where the minimum area shall be 30m²; b. contain no dimension less than 4 metres, except in any focused infill precinct where: i. the minimum dimension shall be 2.5 metres; and ii. the court shall be capable of accommodating a circle of not less than 4 metres in diameter; c. be located to the north, west or east of any primary residential building; d. be screened by a fence or vegetation to provide privacy from the ground floor windows and the outdoor living space of other primary residential buildings; and e. have direct access to an internal habitable room in the primary residential building.
 minimum area shall be 30m²; contain no dimension less than 4 metres, except in any focused infill precinct where: the minimum dimension shall be 2.5 metres; and the court shall be capable of accommodating a circle of not less than 4 metres in diameter; c. be located to the north, west or east of any <i>primary residential building</i>; d. be screened by a fence or vegetation to provide privacy from the ground floor windows and the <i>outdoor living space</i> of other <i>primary residential buildings</i>; and e. have direct access to an internal <i>habitable room</i> in the <i>primary residential building</i>.
 where: i. the minimum dimension shall be 2.5 metres; and ii. the court shall be capable of accommodating a circle of not less than 4 metres in diameter; c. be located to the north, west or east of any <i>primary residential building</i>; d. be screened by a fence or vegetation to provide privacy from the ground floor windows and the <i>outdoor living space</i> of other <i>primary residential buildings</i>; and e. have direct access to an internal <i>habitable room</i> in the <i>primary residential building</i>. Qualifying Criteria
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 d. be screened by a fence or vegetation to provide privacy from the ground floor windows and the <i>outdoor living space</i> of other <i>primary residential buildings</i>; and e. have direct access to an internal <i>habitable room</i> in the <i>primary residential building</i>. <u>Qualifying Criteria</u>
building. Qualifying Criteria
<i>Living Space</i> does not include vehicle parking areas, driveways, service and delivery areas, rubbish bin storage, areas for rainwater tanks, effluent drainage areas and other utility areas or group residential building communal open space
and building location 11. A ny <i>allotment</i> must meet the following minimum <i>yard</i> requirements:
 a. for any front yard in the General Residential Zone, (excluding the Beach Residential Precinct):
 i. any <i>building, structure,</i> or above ground <i>water</i> tank must be set back at least 4.5 metres from any <i>legal road boundary</i>, except that any <i>primary residential building</i> may be located within a distance no closer than 3 metres from any <i>road boundary</i> provided that any part of the <i>primary residential building</i> located within 4.5 metres of the <i>road boundary</i> is not used as a garage, carport or other covered vehicle storage area; and ii. any eave which intrudes into the front <i>yard</i> by no greater than 0.6 metres shall be excluded, except where the eave would overhang any easement;
b. for any front yard in the Beach Residential Precincts:
 i. any <i>building, structure,</i> or above ground <i>water</i> tank must be set back at least 4.5 metres from any <i>road boundary</i>; and ii. any eave which intrudes into the front <i>yard</i> by no greater than 0.6 metres shall be excluded, except where the eave would overhang any easement;

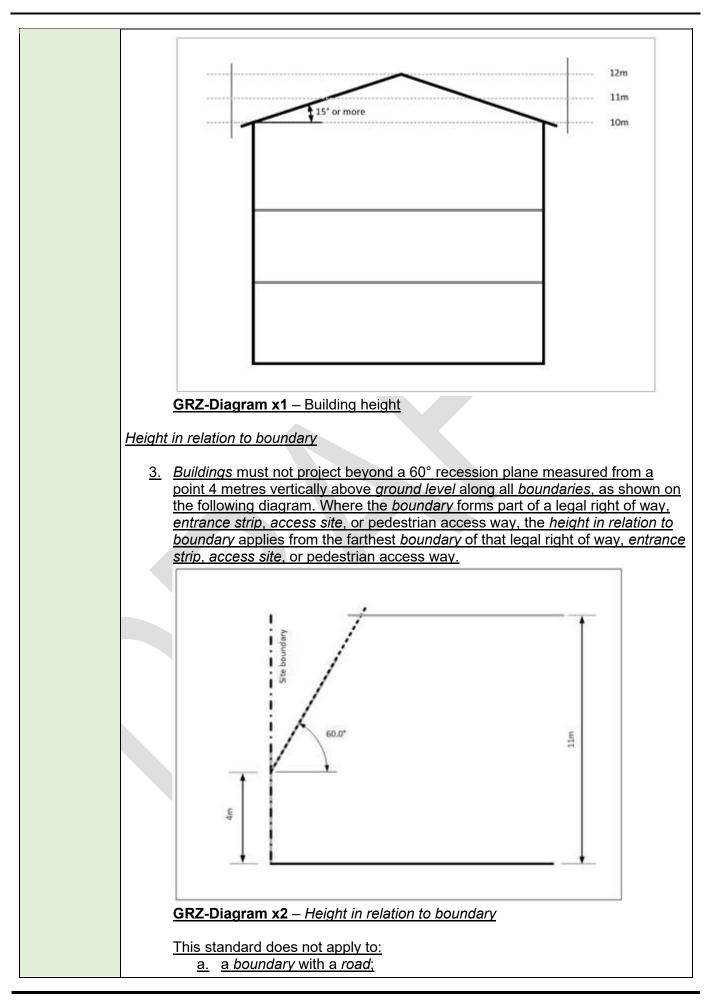
c. Side and rear <i>yards</i> :
 any residential building and any habitable room within any accessory building, must be setback from side or rear boundaries such that the following minimum dimensions are achieved:
 a. if located on front <i>allotment</i> - 3 metres rear <i>yard</i>, 3 metres one side <i>yard</i>, and 1.5 metres all other side <i>yards</i>; and b. if located on rear <i>allotment</i>- 3 metres all <i>yards</i>;
 ii. any accessory building, excluding habitable rooms within the accessory building or structure, must be setback from side or rear boundaries such that rear and side yards have a minimum width of 1 metre; iii. any building used for non-residential activities (excluding home businesses and home craft occupations) must be set back from side or rear boundaries by a minimum of 4 metres; and iv. any eave which intrudes into the side or rear yard by no greater than 0.6 metres shall be excluded, except where the eave would overhang any easement;
d. Coastal yards:
i. <i>Buildings</i> and <i>structures</i> , must not be located within the following coastal <i>yards</i> :
 a. in the General Residential Zone Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct at Te Horo Beach - 7.5 metres from the seaward title boundary for allotments west of Rodney Avenue; b. in the General Residential Zone Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct at Peka Peka Beach - 70 metres from the seaward edge of the esplanade reserve; and c. in the General Residential Zone Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct at Waikanae Beach - 7.5 metres of the seaward title boundary for allotments west of Olliver Grove, Field Way and Tutere Street.
e. Separation of buildings and structures from access legs/rights of way:
i. any <i>building</i> must be set back a minimum of 1 metre from any <i>boundary</i> adjoining an <i>access leg</i> or right of way.
f. In the Waikanae Golf Precinct, the following additional yard standards shall be met. Where standards i. – iii. below differ from standards a) – d) above, the standards below shall take precedence:
 i. any yard adjoining site in the General Residential Zone must have a minimum width of 4 metres; ii. all buildings and structures must be separated by a distance not less than 6 metres; and iii. the maximum dimension of any building or structure shall be 15 metres.
Buildings in the Pekawy Precinct 12. Any <i>building</i> in Pekawy Precinct (Lot 8 DP 25867) must comply with the <i>permitted</i> <i>activity</i> standards specified on the <i>structure plan</i> for the Pekawy Precinct (see Appendix 5) in addition to any other standards for <i>buildings</i> in the General Residential Zone under GRZ-R6.

Buildings in the Ferndale Area Precinct 13. Any <i>building</i> in the Ferndale Area Precinct must:
 a. comply with the relevant <i>permitted activity</i> standards above and the additional <i>permitted activity</i> standards attached to the Ferndale Area Structure Plan (Appendix 4). For the avoidance of doubt, where the standards in Appendix 4 differ from standards 1-12 above, the standards in Appendix 4 shall apply; and b. be in general accordance with the Ferndale Area Structure Plan (Appendix 4)
The Drive Extension Precinct - Finishes 14. Any <i>building</i> (excluding glazing) in The Drive Extension Precinct, as shown on the District Plan Maps, must be finished in <i>recessive</i> colours and materials.

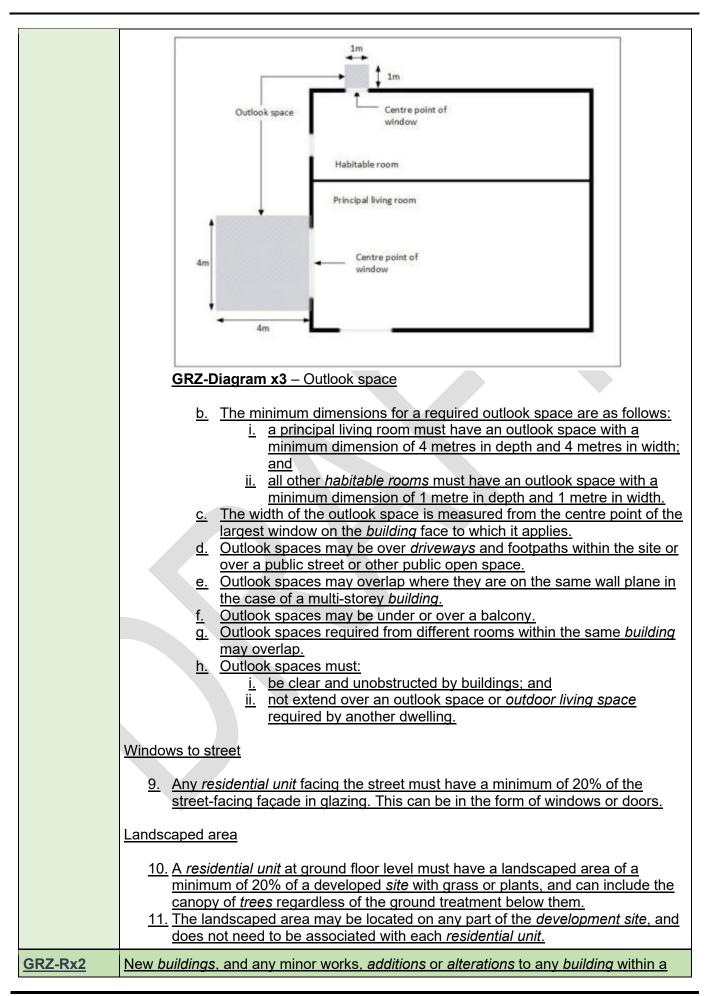
Notes

- 1. For the avoidance of doubt, where two or more contiguous *allotments* are owned by the same person and there is only one *residential unit*, the relevant *building coverage*, *height in relation to boundary* envelope and *yard* standards in this Rule shall apply to the outside perimeter of the combined area of the commonly owned *allotments*.
- 2. Please refer to the Natural Hazards and Infrastructure Chapters for standards relating to setbacks from *waterbodies* and *water* demand management.

<u>GRZ-Rx1</u>	 <u>New buildings</u>, and any minor works, additions or alterations to any building. <u>The following are excluded from this rule:</u> <u>Buildings within the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct (refer rule GRZ-R6)</u> <u>Buildings within any Residential Intensification Precinct (refer rule GRZ-Rx2)</u> <u>Minor Buildings</u>
	[s80H(1)(a)(i) note: this rule incorporates the density standards in Part 2 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]
<u>Permitted</u> <u>Activity</u>	Standards Number of residential units per site <u>1.</u> There must be no more than 3 residential units per site.
	Building height 2. Buildings must not exceed 11 metres in height, except that 50% of a building's roof in elevation, measured vertically from the junction between wall and roof, may exceed this height by 1 metre, where the entire roof slopes 15° or more, as shown on the following diagram:



	b. existing or proposed internal <i>boundaries</i> within a <i>site</i> ;	
	<u>c.</u> <u>site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between 2</u> <u>buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.</u>	
<u>Setbacks</u>		
4. <u>Buildings must be set back</u> listed in the yards table be	k from the relevant <i>boundary</i> by the minimum depth	
GRZ-Table x – Yard sett		
Yard	Minimum depth	
Front	1.5 metres	
Side	<u>1 metre</u>	
Rear	1 metre (excluded on corner sites)	
This standard dass not an	ply to site boundaries where there is an existing	
	uildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is	
proposed.		
Building coverage		
5 The maximum building co	verage must not exceed 50% of the <i>net site area</i> .	
	verage must not exceed 50 % of the net site area.	
Outdoor living space (per unit)		
6. A residential unit at ground	d floor level must have an <i>outdoor living space</i> that is	
at least 20m ² and that con	prises ground floor, balcony, patio, or roof terrace	
space that:		
	round level, has no dimension less than 3 metres;	
b where provided in	the form of a balcony, patio, or roof terrace, is at	
	a minimum dimension of 1.8 metres; and	
	the <i>residential unit</i> ; and	
<u>d.</u> <u>may be:</u>		
	i. grouped cumulatively by area in 1 communally accessible	
	ii. located directly adjacent to the unit; and	
	parking spaces, and servicing and manoeuvring	
areas.		
	above ground floor level must have an outdoor living	
	cony, patio, or roof terrace that: has a minimum dimension of 1.8 metres; and	
	the <i>residential unit</i> ; and	
<u>c.</u> may be:		
i. grouped cu	mulatively by area in 1 communally accessible	
	which case it may be located at ground level; or	
ii. located dire	ectly adjacent to the unit.	
Outlook space (per unit)		
8. An outlook space must be	provided for each <i>residential unit</i> as specified in this	
standard:		
	nust be provided from <i>habitable room</i> windows as	
shown in the diagram	am below:	



	Residential Intensification Precinct. The following are excluded from this rule: • Minor Buildings • Buildings within the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct (refer rule GRZ-R6) Measurement criteria apply to some activities under this rule.	
<u>Permitted</u> <u>Activity</u>	Standards 1. The standards set out under rule GRZ-Rx1, except for standard 2. Building height 2. Buildings must not exceed: a. 20 metres in height, where located in Residential Intensification Precinct A; b. 14 metres in height, where located in Residential Intensification Precinct B. Measurement criteria: Height must be measured using the height measurement criteria.	
GRZ-R7	Relocation of any building excluding minor buildings.	
Permitted Activity Standards 1. Any relocated building must be able to comply with the permitted activity standards for buildings set out under Rule GRZ-R6-, GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2. Notes 1. Attention is drawn to Historic Heritage chapter, in which additional controls apply to the relocation of listed historic heritage buildings. 2. Attention is also drawn to the Building Code requirements (under the Building Act 2004) that are relevant to all building works, including the removal and relocation of buildings. These requirements relate to a range of matters including for example: stability (which includes building and land stability, durability of materials and components); fire safety; access; moisture (which includes weather-tightness, surface water and drainage systems); safety of users; services and facilities (which includes airborne and sound impact, ventilation, piped services and plumbing/drainage systems); and energy efficiency. Under Section 17 of the Building Act (2004), all building work must comply with the Building Code to the extent required by the Building Act, whether or not a building consent is required in respect of that building work.		
GRZ-R8	Arable <i>farming</i> (including horticulture and market gardening), and the keeping of animals.	
Permitted Activity	 Standards No roosters and no more than 12 <i>poultry</i> (excluding roosters) shall be permitted on any <i>site</i>. No <i>intensive farming</i> activity shall be permitted. Any bird <i>aviary</i> must: have a maximum floor area of 15m²; be sited at least 5 metres from any neighbouring <i>primary residential building</i>; and 	

	 c. include containers for the storage of seed where an excess of 10kg of seed is stored on-site.
	 Except as provided for in Standard (3) above, the activity must meet the relevant <i>permitted activity</i> standards for <i>buildings</i> and small-scale detached <i>structures</i> in Rule GRZ-R6-, <u>GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2.</u>
	ctivities involving the keeping of animals or bees in the General Residential Zone, own to the requirements of the <i>Council's</i> Keeping of Animals, Bees and Poultry Bylaw
GRZ-R9	Development of Lot 2 DP 441854 (Milne Drive, Paraparaumu).
Permitted Activity	 Standards 1. All proposed <i>buildings</i> and activities, and all changes to <i>buildings</i> and activities must demonstrate that <i>hydraulic neutrality</i> in any equivalent ARI 24-hour storm
	 event up to a 1% Annual Exceedance Probability flood event will be achieved on- site. 2. No sealed <i>carpark</i> shall be formed and no <i>building</i> or <i>structure</i> shall be erected within the parts of the <i>site</i> identified on the Structure Plan in Appendix 18 as 'No Build Areas' other than fences, and <i>structures</i> required in association with on-site stormwater management and disposal. 3. Prior to the occupation of any <i>residential building</i>, the 'No-Build Area B' shall be developed to include:
	 a. an earth bund of not less than 1.5 metres in <i>height</i>; b. a 2 metre-high close-boarded timber or other acoustic fence on top of the earth bund (i.e. in combination having a total <i>height</i> of not less than 3.5 metres above <i>original ground level</i>) except as necessary to provide for pedestrian access if required; c. the bund and fence shall be continuous through 'No-Build Area B' except where an opening is necessary to provide a single pedestrian access through it; and d. establishment of vegetation to visually screen the fence, including tree species capable of growing to at least 4.0 metres in <i>height</i>.
	 The entire width of 'No-Build Area C' must be planted and maintained as a vegetated buffer for Andrews Pond. Only eco-sourced indigenous plant species from the Foxton Ecological District must be used for planting to create the vegetated buffer in 'No-Build Area C'. All <i>buildings</i> (excluding <i>minor buildings</i>) must comply with the permitted activity standards for <i>buildings</i> (excluding <i>minor buildings</i>) set out under Rule GRZ-R6. <u>Rules GRZ-Rx1 and GRZ-Rx2</u>.
GRZ-R10	Home businesses and home craft occupations
	Qualifying criteria apply to activities under this rule.
Permitted	Standards
Activity	1. Home businesses and home craft occupations must:
	 a. be carried out within a lawfully established <i>residential building</i> (excluding <i>minor buildings</i>) or an associated accessory building that meets the <i>permitted activity</i> standards in Rule GRZ-R6; <u>GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2.</u> b. not involve the use of any source of motive power other than electric motors of not more than 0.56kw;

	 c. be limited to one <i>home business</i> or <i>home craft occupation</i> per <i>site</i>, excluding home <i>offices</i>; d. not have more than one non-resident person working on the <i>site</i> at any one time; and e. not have any deliveries related to the activity made to or from the <i>site</i> between the hours of 7pm and 7am.
	 The total floor area used for <i>home businesses</i> or <i>home craft occupations</i> must not exceed 40m². In addition to Standards (1) and (2) above, for any <i>home businesses</i>:
	 a. any <i>retailing</i> must be an <i>ancillary activity</i> to the <i>home business</i>; b. no goods on display shall be visible from outside the <i>building</i> in which the <i>home business</i> is undertaken; and c. the maximum <i>retail floor space</i> or sales area must not exceed 10m².
	Qualifying Criteria:
	Home businesses and home craft occupations are performed entirely within a residential building or accessory building. Home businesses and home craft occupations shall not include any activity involving any panel beating, spray painting, motor vehicle repairs, fibre glassing, heavy trade vehicles, sheet metal work, wrecking of motor vehicles, bottle or scrap metal storage, rubbish collection service (except that empty, clean drums may be stored in a suitably screened area), wrought iron work or manufacture, motor body building, fish processing, breeding or boarding of dogs or cats, visitor accommodation or any process which involves repetitive use of power tools, drills or hammering or any business activity, trade, craft or profession which creates a nuisance effect at or beyond the boundary of the property on which the activity is occurring, and does not include temporary residential rental accommodation.
Notoci	

Notes:

- 1. For on-site vehicle parking, requirements for non-resident employees, deliveries and customers refer to the rules and standards in the Transport Chapter. 2. For requirements in respect of *signs* and *noise*, refer to the rules and standards in the Noise and
- Signs Chapters

<u>GRZ-Rx3</u>	Papakāinga on land held under Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993.	
<u>Permitted</u> <u>Activity</u>	Standards 1. Any building (excluding minor buildings) must comply with the following Standards: a. Standards 2, 3, 4 and 5 set out under rule GRZ-Rx1; or b. where the papakāinga is in a Residential Intensification Precinct, Standards 3, 4 and 5 set out under rule GRZ-Rx1 and Standard 2 set out under rule GRZ-Rx2; or c. where the papakāinga is in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct, Standards 4, 6, 7 and 10 set out under rule GRZ-R6. 2. The gross floor area of all commercial activities must not exceed the lesser of 20% of the area of the subject site, or 500m ² .	
Note: refer to chapter PK – Papakāinga for Objectives and Policies specific to papakāinga.		
GRZ-R11	<i>Visitor accommodation</i> , excluding <i>temporary residential rental accommodation</i> and excluding the use of land for accommodating five or less visitors, subject to a tariff being paid.	

Controlled	Standards	Matters of Control	
Activity	 Any building (excluding minor buildings) associated with the activity must comply with the permitted activity standards under GRZ-R6, GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2. The activity must not receive any delivery between the hours of 7pm and 7am. 	 Transport effects. Landscaping. Noise effects. Layout, size, design and location of any proposed buildings (excluding minor buildings) associated with the activity. The imposition of conditions to manage visual, character and amenity effects. Any positive effects to be derived from the activity. Cumulative effects. The imposition of conditions in accordance with section 108 of the Resource Management Act 1991. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with the Financial Contributions Chapter of this Plan. Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. 	
	onsent is required under other Rules in the F der this Rule, additional matters of control m		
GRZ-R12	Any activity which is listed as a <i>permitted activity</i> or a <i>controlled activity</i> and does not comply with one of more of the associated standards, unless otherwise specifically stated.		
Restricted Discretionary Activity		 Matters of Discretion Consideration of the <i>effects</i> of the standard not met. Measures to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse <i>effects</i>. Cumulative <i>effects</i>. 	
GRZ-R13	<i>Medium density housing.</i> - <i>Measurement criteria,</i> and <i>residential unit measurement criteria</i> apply to activities under this rule.		
Restricted Discretionary Activity	-Standards - General requirements 1. Medium density housing must: a. be located in areas identified on the District Plan Maps as a Medium Density Housing Precinct; b. have a minimum proposed development subject site area	Matters of Discretion - 1. The imposition of <i>conditions</i> in accordance with <i>Council's</i> Best Practice Medium Density Housing Design Guide, Crime Prevention through Environmental Design Guidelines and Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 2. Design and layout.	

of 1,500m²;	3
c. comprise at least four residential units, as measured	4
by the <i>Residential Unit</i>	
Measurement Criteria.	5
d. have a minimum development	6
area of 200m² per <i>residential</i> <i>unit</i> and a minimum average	
area of 250m ² per <i>residential</i>	7
unit across the development;	7
and	8
e. include an assessment of the	
<i>development</i> against the Crime	
Prevention Through	9
Environmental Design	40
Guidelines (Appendix 6) and the Medium Density Heuring	10 11
the Medium Density Housing Design Guide (Appendix 2).	++
Design Guide (Appendix 2).	12
Site development	12
2. A detailed subject site analysis plan	
must be provided with any	
application. The subject site analysis	
plan must:	
	13
a. include consideration of the local environment within a 200	14
metre radius of the proposed	15
development subject site; and	
b. include details of all amenities,	Not
public transport stops with	oth
details of services (existing and	ass
proposed if possible) for the	unc
purposes of understanding the	dise
connections and networks around a proposed	
development subject site for	
medium density housing.	
moulain conoily nearing.	
 A subject site development plan 	
must be provided with any	
application including details of	
proposed:	
a. access;	
b. detailed <i>landscaping</i> (including	
a maintenance schedule); and	
c. <i>waste</i> collection and service	
points as well as details of	
screening of waste collection	
areas.	
4. Each residential unit's development	
area must be capable of containing	
an 8 metre diameter circle.	
5. Where existing <i>allotments</i> are to be	

- 3. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and esplanade reserves.
- Compatibility with adjacent development.
- 5. Landscaping.
- The imposition of conditions to manage visual, character and amenity effects.
- Materials and finishing of any buildings (excluding minor buildings).
- Adequacy of proposed subject site analysis plan and subject site development plan.
- 9. Energy efficiency and water conservation.
- 10. Screening of rubbish storage areas.
- 11. Solid waste management and collection.
- 12. The imposition of *financial contributions* in accordance with the Financial Contributions chapter. **Note:** Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002.
- 13. Transport effects.
- 14. Any positive *effects* to be derived from the activity.
- 15. Cumulative effects.

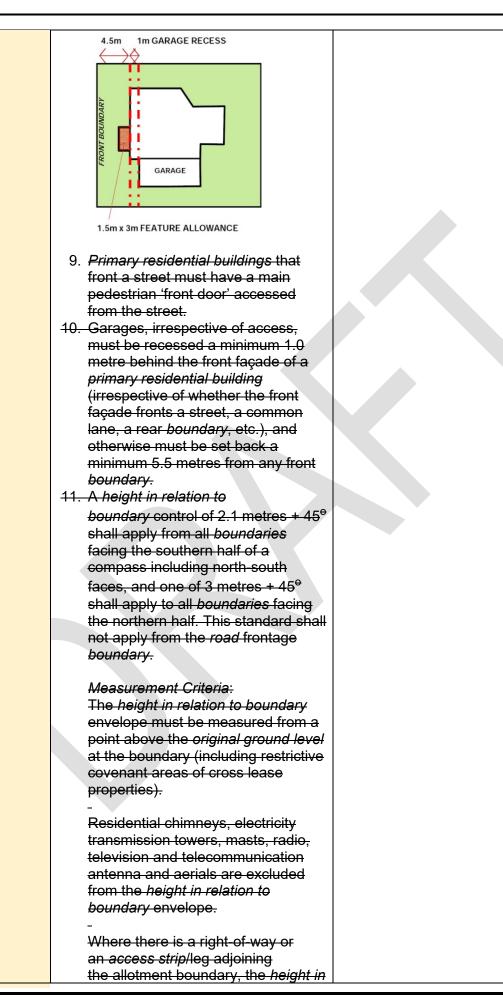
Note. Where consent is required under other Rules in the Plan which are associated with an activity considered under this Rule, additional matters of discretion may also apply. amalgamated to achieve the requisite 1,500m² minimum proposed development *subject site* area, amalgamation of full existing *allotments* only shall be permitted. No *land* use consent shall be issued for a *medium density housing* development until any 'base' *allotments* required to form the 1,500m² minimum 'parent' *allotments* have been formally amalgamated.

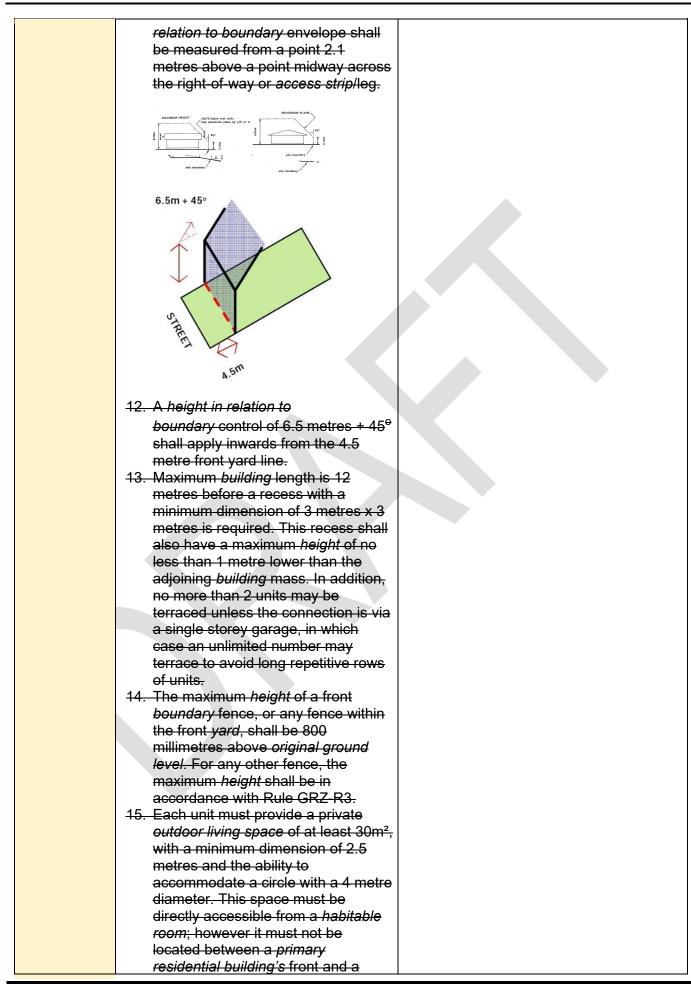
6. Each residential unit must have a building area above the estimated 1% Annual Exceedence Probability flood event.

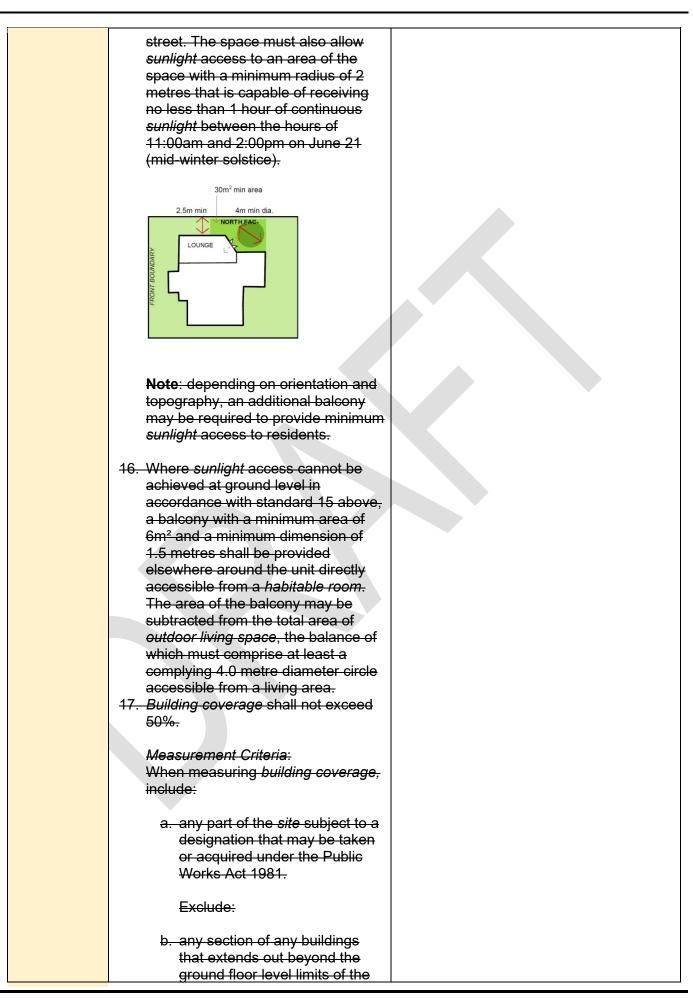
Note: Refer to Natural Hazard rules and standards regarding earthworks within flood hazards. Consent applicants are also advised to discuss access plans with the Council's building consents department if there is a flood hazard in order to ensure there are no issues for building consents under the Building Act.

Buildings

- 7. The maximum *height* as determined by the *height measurement criteria*) of any *building* or *structure* shall be 10 metres except for residential land fronting Marine Parade, Paraparaumu as shown on the District Plan Maps where the *height* shall be 8 metres.
- 8. A minimum front *yard* of 4.5 metres shall apply allowing an intrusion no greater than 1.5 metres into the *yard* for the purposes of a feature entry or bay window provided a total (combined) width of such is no greater than 3 metres. A ground floor *habitable room* must face the street in any *residential building* that fronts a street.







	building and overhangs the ground c. The footprint of any <i>minor</i> <i>building</i>	
	 18. An average of 1.5 parking spaces per unit must be provided: A minimum of 1 space per unit is required and in calculating the average no more than 2 spaces per unit may be counted. 19. Habitable rooms within residential buildings on allotments adjacent to any Strategic Arterial Route (including any State Highway) must be acoustically designed to achieve an internal L10 (18 hr) level of 45dBA with all opening windows closed and provide an acoustic design certificate from a suitably qualified person confirming this has been achieved. Financial Contributions 21. Compliance with FC-Table 1. 	
<u>GRZ-Rx4</u>	New buildings, and any minor works, additions or alterations to any building, the not comply with one or more of the standards under rules GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-R except for standard GRZ-Rx1.1. Notification Public notification of an application for resource consent under this Rule is pre-	<u>x2,</u>
<u>Restricted</u> <u>Discretionary</u> <u>Activity</u>	Matters of Discretion 1. The matters contained in the Residential Design Guide 2. The matters contained in the Subdivision and Develop Principles and Requirement 2012. 3. Consideration of the effects standard not met. 4. Cumulative effects. 5. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance the Financial Contributions in accordance the Financial Contributions	<u>ents</u> s of the
GRZ-Rx5	New <i>buildings</i> , and any minor works, <i>additions</i> or <i>alterations</i> to any <i>building</i> , the comply with all of the standards under rules GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2, except for	

	standard GRZ-Rx1.1.	
	Notification	tion for resource consent under this Rule is
<u>Restricted</u> <u>Discretionary</u> <u>Activity</u>		Matters of Discretion 1. The matters contained in the Residential Design Guide. 2. The matters contained in the Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 3. Site layout. 4. Building density, form and appearance. 5. Streetscape. 6. Landscaping. 7. Reverse sensitivity. 8. Transport effects. 9. Cumulative effects. 10. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with the Financial Contributions in accordance with the Financial Contributions Chapter.
<u>GRZ-Rx6</u>	New buildings, and any minor works, addition not comply with one or more of the standard including standard GRZ-Rx1.1. Notification Public notification of an application for reso	<u>rds under rules GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2,</u>
Restricted Discretionary Activity		Matters of Discretion 1. The matters of discretion listed under Rules GRZ-Rx4 and GRZ- Rx5.
GRZ-R14	Any local convenience retail outlet.	
Restricted Discretionary Activity	 Standards The maximum retail floor space (whether temporary or permanent) shall be 40m². Hours of operation shall not exceed the period from 7:00am to 11:00pm for any given day. Any building in which the activity is undertaken must comply with Rules GRZ-R5 and GRZ-R6, except that permitted activity standards 12(a) and 12(b) of GRZ-R6 shall not apply the following rules: <u>a.</u> <u>GRZ-R5; and</u> 	 Matters of Discretion Layout, size design and location of any <i>building</i> associated with the activity. Suitability of the <i>subject site</i> for the proposed activity. Proximity to and potential adverse <i>effects</i> on the vibrancy and vitality of any <i>Centre</i> or lawfully established <i>local convenience retail outlet</i>. The imposition of <i>conditions</i> to manage character and amenity <i>effects</i>. Context and surroundings.

	 b. GRZ-R6 (except that standards GRZ-R6.11(a) and (b) shall not apply; or c. GRZ-Rx1 (except that the front yard requirement of standard GRZ-Rx1.4 shall not apply); or d. GRZ-Rx2 (except that the front yard requirement of standard GRZ-Rx1.4 shall not apply). 4. Where any building in which the activity is undertaken adjoins or is within 2 metres of any road boundary, at least 75% of the ground floor elevation(s) of the building that front onto the road boundary must be active retail frontage including pedestrian entrances and clear glass for the display of goods. 5. The activity must have road frontage to a Strategic Arterial Route (excluding any State Highway), a Major Community Connector Route, or Local Community Connector Route (as identified in District Plan Maps and TR-Table 7 - Transport Network Hierarchy). 6. The activity must not be located within 500 metres of (or within): a. any Metropolitan Centre, Local Centre, Mixed Use Centre or Town Centre Zone; or b. any lawfully established local convenience retail outlet in the General Residential Zone. 	 6. Transport <i>effects</i>. 7. Any positive <i>effects</i> to be derived from the activity. 8. Cumulative <i>effects</i>. 9. The imposition of <i>financial contributions</i> in accordance with the Financial Contributions chapter of this Plan. Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. 10. The Ōtaki Beach, Waikanae Beach, Raumati, Paekākāriki Special Character Areas Design Guidelines in Appendix 3.
GRZ-R15	<i>Development</i> , which is undertaken in accor Guidelines set out in Appendix 1.	dance with the Development Incentives
Restricted Discretionary Activity	 Standards 1. The amount of development proposed must not exceed or proceed earlier than the stipulations in the guideline. Note: For subdivision which is undertaken in accordance with the Development Incentives Guidelines, see SUB-RES-R29. 	 Matters of Discretion The scale of biodiversity, energy or <i>water</i> quality benefits created by the proposal. Layout, size, design and location of proposed <i>buildings</i> (excluding <i>minor buildings</i>). Covenants, easements and other legal mechanisms required. The imposition of <i>conditions</i> to manage visual, character and amenity <i>effects</i>. Ecological or biodiversity <i>effects</i>, and

	 effects on natural character values. 6. Transport effects. 7. Proposed mitigation, remediation or ongoing management measures. 8. Cumulative effects.
building (excluding minor b	nor buildings), and any additions or alterations to any buildings and any listed historic heritage building) in the ts that does not comply with the permitted activity standards
Restricted Discretionary Activity	 Matters of Discretion The consideration of effects with regard to Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012 and Streetscape Strategy and Guideline. Compatibility with adjacent development. The imposition of conditions to manage visual, character, amenity and cumulative effects. Landscaping. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with the Financial Contributions Chapter. Note: other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. The Õtaki Beach, Waikanae Beach, Raumati, Paekākāriki Special Character Areas Design Guidelines in Appendix 3.
GRZ-Rx7Papakāinga on general titleNotificationPublic notification of an ap	e land. plication for resource consent under this Rule is precluded.
Restricted Standards Discretionary 1. The applicant is a r Activity 1. The applicant is a r Ngāti Toa Rangatir Raukawa te au ki te Āti Awa ki Whakaro	a, Ngātidemonstrated their whakapapa or ancestral connection to the land;
Notes:	

2. <u>For res</u> relevan <u>iwi auth</u> <u>a.</u>	o chapter PK – Papakāinga for Objectives and Policies specific to papakāinga. ource consent applications under this rule, the <i>Council</i> will seek advice from the t <i>iwi authority</i> and will rely on this advice. The matters that <i>Council</i> will seek advice from <i>porities</i> on include: where the papakāinga is on general title land, whether the applicant has demonstrated a whakapapa or ancestral connection to the land; any other matter related to <i>tikanga Māori</i> .
<u>GRZ-Rx8</u>	Papakāinga on land held under Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993 or on general title land that do not comply with one or more of the Standards set out under Rule GRZ-Rx3. Notification Public notification of an application for resource consent under this Rule is precluded.
Restricted Discretionary Activity	Matters of Discretion 1. Consideration of the effects of the standard not met. 2. Measures to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects. 3. Cumulative effects. 4. The matters contained in the Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012.
2. <u>For res</u> relevan <u>iwi auth</u> <u>a.</u>	o chapter PK – Papakāinga for Objectives and Policies specific to papakāinga. ource consent applications under this rule, the <i>Council</i> will seek advice from the t <i>iwi authority</i> and will rely on this advice. The matters that <i>Council</i> will seek advice from <i>porities</i> on include: where the papakāinga is on general title land, whether the applicant has demonstrated a whakapapa or ancestral connection to the land; any other matter related to <i>tikanga Māori</i> .
GRZ-R17	Any activity which is listed as a <i>restricted discretionary activity</i> and does not comply with one of more of the associated standards, unless otherwise specifically stated.
Discretionary Activity	
GRZ-R18	Any <i>building</i> , minor works, and any <i>additions</i> or <i>alterations</i> to any <i>building</i> , which does not comply with one or more of the <i>permitted activity</i> standards under GRZ-R6
Discretionary Activity	
GRZ-R19	Shared or group accommodation or supported living accommodation which does not comply with one or more permitted activity standards under GRZ-R4.
Discretionary Activity	
GRZ-R20	<i>Visitor accommodation</i> , excluding <i>Temporary Residential Rental Accommodation</i> and excluding the use of land for accommodating five or less visitors subject to a tariff being paid, which does not comply with one or more of the <i>controlled activity</i> standards under GRZ-R11.
Discretionary	

Activity	
GRZ-R21	Any <i>home business</i> or <i>home craft occupation</i> that complies with Standard 3 of GRZ-R10_but does not comply with one or more of the other <i>permitted activity</i> standards under GRZ-R10.
Discretionary Activity	
GRZ-R22	Medium Density Housing that is located outside of the Medium Density Housing Precinct identified in the District Plan Maps or which does not comply with one or more of the restricted discretionary activity standards under GRZ-R13.
Non- complying Activity	-
GRZ-R23	Any <i>local retail convenience outlet</i> that does not comply with one or more of the <i>restricted discretionary standards</i> under GRZ-R14.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R24	Any <i>home business</i> or <i>home craft occupation</i> which is not a <i>permitted activity</i> under GRZ-R10 or a discretionary activity under GRZ-R21.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R25	Any commercial, industrial or retail activity that is not listed as a permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary or discretionary activity.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R26	The sale or otherwise disposal of a <i>minor residential unit</i> which is not in conjunction with its associated <i>residential unit</i> .
	Qualifying Criteria:
	• In order to be self-contained a <i>minor residential unit</i> must contain a <i>kitchen</i> and <i>bathroom</i> . A <i>minor residential unit</i> has a gross floor area which is no greater than 54m ² .
	Measurement Criteria:
	 When measuring gross floor area for the purposes of a <i>minor residential unit</i>, include: covered yards and areas covered by a roof but not enclosed by walls
	 Exclude: decks and covered <i>outdoor living spaces</i> uncovered stairways; floor space in terraces (open or roofed), external balconies, breezeways or porches; <i>car parking</i> areas; and floor space of interior balconies and mezzanines not used by the public.

Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R27	Offensive trades.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R28	Boarding or housing of animals for commercial gain.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R29	The keeping of goats, pigs, deer, roosters, or more than 12 pigeons or doves.
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R30	Car wrecking indoors and outdoors and the storage of wrecked or unroadworthy vehicles not within an enclosed <i>building</i> (excluding <i>minor buildings</i>).
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R31	The parking or placing of any motor vehicle, boat, caravan or material for the purposes of sale or lease within <i>road</i> or <i>Council</i> reserve other than specified areas by resolution of <i>Council</i> .
Non- complying Activity	
GRZ-R32	Commercial panelbeating and spraypainting.
Prohibited Activity	

SUB-RES - Subdivision in

Residential Zones

This section contains subdivision requirements which apply in the General Residential Zone. Additional subdivision requirements may also apply in the District Wide Subdivision Matters chapter.

- The Primary Objectives that this chapter implements are:
- DO-O1 Tāngata Whenua;
- DO-O3 Development Management;
- DO-Ox1 Well-functioning Urban Environments;
- DO-Ox2 Housing Variety and Choice;
- DO-Ox3 Residential Intensification Precincts;
- DO-O4 Coastal Environment;
- DO-O5 Natural Hazards;
- DO-O9 Landscapes, Features and Landforms;
- DO-O10 Contaminated Land;
- DO-O11 Character and Amenity Values;
- DO-O12 Housing Choice and Affordability;
- DO-O13 Infrastructure;
- DO-O14 Access and Transport;
- DO-O15 Economic Vitality;
- DO-O17 Open Spaces / Active Communities; and
- DO-O18 Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Conservation.

DO-O1 Tāngata Whenua

To work in partnership with the *tangata whenua* of the District in order to maintain *kaitiakitanga* of the District's resources and ensure that decisions affecting the natural *environment* in the District are made in accordance with the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi (Treaty of Waitangi).

DO-O3 Development Management

To maintain a consolidated urban form within existing urban areas and a limited number of identified growth areas, which and to provide for the development of new urban areas where these can be efficiently serviced and integrated with existing townships, delivering:

- 1. urban areas which maximise the efficient end use of energy and integration with infrastructure;
- 2. a variety of living and working areas in a manner which reinforces the function and vitality of centres;
- 3. an urban environment that enables more people to live in, and more businesses and community services to be located in, parts of the urban environment:
 - a. that are in or near a Centre Zone or other area with many employment opportunities;
 - b. that are well serviced by existing or planned public transport; or
 - c. where there is high demand for housing or for business land relative to other areas within the urban environment;
- <u>4.</u> 3. resilient communities where development does not result in an increase in risk to life or severity of damage to property from natural hazard events;
- 5. 4. higher residential densities in locations that are close to centres and public open spaces, with good access to public transport;
- <u>5.</u> management of development in areas of special character or amenity so as to maintain, and where practicable, enhance in a manner that has regard to those special values;

- <u>7.</u> 6.-sustainable natural processes including freshwater systems, areas characterised by the productive potential of the land, ecological integrity, identified landscapes and features, and other places of significant natural amenity;
- 8. 7. an adequate supply of housing and areas for business/employment to meet the needs of the District's anticipated population which is provided at a rate and in a manner that can be sustained within the finite carrying capacity of the District; and
- <u>9.</u> 8. management of the location and effects of potentially incompatible land uses including any interface between such uses.
- <u>10.</u> <u>urban environments that support reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and are resilient to the current and future effects of climate change.</u>

DO-Ox1 Well-functioning Urban Environments

<u>A well-functioning urban environment that enables all people and communities to provide for their</u> social, economic, and cultural wellbeing, and for their health and safety, now and into the future.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the objectives in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

DO-Ox2 Housing Variety and Choice

Relevant residential zones provide for a variety of housing types and sizes that respond to:

- 1. Housing needs and demand; and
- 2. The neighbourhood's planned urban built character, including 3-storey buildings.

[s80H(1)(a)(ii) note: this provision incorporates the objectives in clause 6 of Schedule 3A of the Act. This note does not form part of the IPI and will be removed when the IPI becomes operative.]

DO-Ox3 Residential Intensification Precincts

Residential Intensification Precincts provide for higher density housing types and sizes that respond to:

- 1. Housing needs and demand;
- 2. The proximity of the area to the *Metropolitan Centre Zone*, *Town Centre Zone* or *Local Centre Zone*;
- 3. Accessibility to and from the area by active or public transport; and
 - The neighbourhood's planned urban built character, including:
 - a. 6-storey buildings within Residential Intensification Precinct A; and
 - b. 4-storey buildings within Residential Intensification Precinct B.

DO-O4 Coastal Environment

To have a coastal environment where:

- 1. areas of outstanding natural character and high natural character, outstanding natural features and landscapes, areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna are identified and protected;
- 2. areas of outstanding natural character and high natural character are restored where degraded;
- 3. the effects of inappropriate subdivision, use and development are avoided, remedied, or mitigated;
- 4. public access to and along the coast to facilitate active and passive recreational use is maintained and enhanced while managing inappropriate vehicle access; and
- 5. Inappropriate development does not result in further loss of coastal dunes in the area mapped as the coastal environment.

DO-O5 Natural Hazards

To ensure the safety and resilience of people and communities by avoiding exposure to increased levels of risk from natural hazards, while recognising the importance of natural processes and

systems.

DO-O9 Landscapes, Features and Landforms

To protect the District's identified *outstanding natural features and landscapes* from inappropriate *subdivision*, use and *development*; and

- 1. maintain or enhance the landscape values of *special amenity landscapes* and identified significant landforms; and
- 2. avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse *effects* of *earthworks* on natural features and landforms.

DO-O10 Contaminated Land

To prevent or mitigate any adverse environmental *effects*, including risks to human health and the *environment*, arising from past, present or future activities involving *contaminated land*.

DO-O11 Character and Amenity Values

To maintain and enhance recognise the unique character and *amenity values* of the District's distinct communities, while providing for character and *amenity values* to develop and change over time in response to the diverse and changing needs of people, communities and future generations, so that residents and visitors enjoy:

- relaxed, unique and distinct village identities and predominantly low-density residential areas characterised by the presence of mature vegetation, a variety of built forms <u>and building</u> <u>densities</u>, the retention of landforms, and <u>the recognition of</u> unique community identities;
- 2. vibrant, lively *metropolitan* and *town centres* supported by higher density residential and mixed use areas;
- 3. <u>neighbourhood</u> <u>local</u> centres, village communities and employment areas characterised by high levels of amenity, accessibility and convenience;
- 4. productive rural areas, characterised by openness, natural landforms, areas and corridors of *indigenous vegetation*, and *primary production activities*; and
- 5. well managed interfaces between different types of land use areas (e.g. between living, working and rural areas and between potentially conflicting land uses), so as to minimise adverse *effects*.

DO-O12 Housing Choice and Affordability

To meet diverse community needs by increasing the amount of housing that:

- 1. is of densities, locations, types, attributes, size and tenure that meets the social and economic wellbeing needs of households in suitable urban and rural locations;
- 2. is affordable and adequate for lower income households; and
- 3. can respond to the changing needs of residents, regardless of age, mobility, health or lifestyle preference;

while enhancing the amenity of living environments and contributing to the sustainability of communities and compatibility with the goals of environmental sustainability, in particular resource, water and energy efficiency.

DO-O13 Infrastructure

To recognise the importance and national, regional and local benefits of *infrastructure* and ensure the efficient *development*, maintenance and operation of an adequate level of social and physical *infrastructure* and services throughout the District that:

- 3. meets the needs of the community and the region; and
- 4. builds stronger community resilience, while avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse *effects* on the *environment*.

DO-O14 Access and Transport

To ensure that the transport system in the District:

- 1. integrates with land use and urban form and maximises accessibility;
- 2. improves the efficiency of travel and maximises mode choice to enable people to act sustainably as well as improving the resilience and health of communities;
- 3. contributes to a strong economy;
- 4. avoids, remedies or mitigates adverse effects on land uses;
- 5. does not have its function and operation unreasonably compromised by other activities;
- 6. is safe, fit for purpose, cost effective and provides good connectivity for all communities; and
- 7. provides for the integrated movement of people, goods and services.

DO-O15 Economic Vitality

To promote sustainable and on-going economic development of the local economy, including the rural sector, with improved number and quality of jobs and investment through:

1.

- a. encouraging *business activities* in appropriate locations within the District, principally through differentiating and managing various types of *business activities* both on the basis of the activity, and the potential local and strategic *effects* of their operation;
- b. reinforcing a compact, well designed and sustainable regional form supported by an integrated *transport network*;
- c. enabling opportunities to make the economy more resilient and diverse;
- d. providing opportunities for the growth of a low carbon economy, including clean technology;
- e. minimising reverse sensitivity effects on business activities, including primary production activities; and
- f. enhancing the amenity of Working Zones;

while:

2.

- a. ensuring that economic growth and development is able to be efficiently serviced by *infrastructure*;
- b. encouraging commercial consolidation and the co-location of community services and facilities primarily within the *Paraparaumu Sub-Regional Centre* and *Town Centres*; and
- c. managing contamination, pollution, odour, noise and glare, associated with *business activities,* including *primary production activities.*

DO-O17 Open Spaces / Active Communities

To have a rich and diverse network of open space areas that:

- 1. is developed, used and maintained in a manner that does not give rise to significant adverse *effects* on the natural and physical *environment*;
- protects the District's cultural, ecological and *amenity values*, while allowing for the enhancement of the quality of *open space* areas;
- 3. supports the identity, health, cohesion and resilience of the District's communities; and
- 4. ensures that the present and future recreational and open space needs of the District are met.

DO-O18 Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Conservation

Increase the development and use of energy from renewable sources, including on-site systems, and efficiency and conservation of energy use while avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse *effects* on the *environment*.

Provisions in other chapters of the Plan may also be relevant.

Refer to the General Residential Zone chapter for the strategic context of this zone. The General Residential Zone chapter also contains policies and rules which may be relevant to subdivision and

associated development within the General Residential Zone.

Policies

SUB-RES-P1 General Residential Subdivision

Subdivision, including for small-scale infill, will be provided for in general residential areas where it does not compromise local character and amenity.

<u>Subdivision will be provided for where it is consistent with the Objectives and Policies applicable to</u> <u>subdivision, use and development in the General Residential Zone.</u>

Rules

SUB-RES- R25	 The following subdivisions: Boundary adjustments Subdivision of land where no additional a Subdivision of Medium Density Housing establishing the Medium Density Housing Boundary adjustment qualifying criteria appendix Cross lease updates are excluded from this 	developments if the <i>land</i> use consent g development has been given <i>effect</i> to. bly to activities under this rule.
Controlled Activity	 Standards Each allotment must have legal and physical access to a legal road. No further development potential shall be created as a result of the subdivision. (i.e. through the creation of a small allotment and a larger allotment which can then be further subdivided and would not have met all restricted discretionary activity standards including minimum or average allotment sizes prior to this subdivision occurring). Public roads, public water supply systems, sanitary drainage systems and surface water drainage systems must be available to serve the subdivision. The relevant subdivision standards under Rules SUB-RES-R26, <u>SUB-RES-R27</u> and SUB-RES-R28 must be complied with, including any additional restricted discretionary activity standards for subdivision attached as notations to structure plans. Where the zone standards and standards attached as notations differ, the notations shall take precedence. 	 Matters of Control 1. Design and layout, including any associated earthworks. 2. Vehicle access points onto legal road including the State Highway network, and any transport effects. 3. The imposition of conditions to manage visual, character and amenity effects. 4. The location of any associated building area relative to any identified natural hazards, historic heritage feature, notable tree, ecological site, key indigenous tree, key indigenous tree species, rare and threatened vegetation species, geological feature, outstanding natural feature and landscape or area of high natural character. 5. The imposition of conditions in accordance with Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 6. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with the Financial Contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002.

	Boundary adjustment qualifying criteria: 1. The adjustment of <i>boundaries</i> is for the rationalisation of existing <i>boundaries</i> to improve the practicality of <i>existing</i> <i>allotments</i> .	 The imposition of conditions in accordance with sections 108 and 220 of the Resource Management Act 1991. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and <i>esplanade reserves</i>. The Ōtaki Beach, Raumati, Paekākāriki Special Character Areas Design Guidelines in Appendix 3.
SUB-RES- R26	 within the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precing <u>The following are excluded from this rule:</u> <u>Subdivision of land in the Coastal C</u> Peka Peka, Te Horo Beach and Ōta 	aparaumu, Waikanae and Ōtaki (excluding ecinct listed in UFD-P13. <u>subdivision of land</u> ct. Qualifying Matter Precinct at Paekākāriki, aki Beach; Qualifying Matter Precinct within the Beach
Controlled Activity	 Standards Each allotment must have legal and physical access to a legal road. Each allotment must have a flood free building area above the estimated 1% Annual Exceedance Probability flood event. Parent allotment area The land to be subdivided shall be less than 3,000m² in area. Note: Subdivision of land greater than 3,000m² is provided for under SUB-RES-R27. Minimum allotment size For all areas, excluding the General Residential Zone at Ōtaki, the minimum allotment area shall be 450m² (inclusive of access). For the General Residential Zone at Ōtaki. a. the minimum allotment area for front allotments shall be 450m² (exclusive of access); and b. the minimum average 	 Matters of Control The design and layout of the subdivision and any associated earthworks. The imposition of conditions to manage character and amenity effects. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and esplanade reserves. The imposition of conditions in accordance with Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance the Financial Contributions chapter. Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. Vehicle access points onto legal road including the State Highway network and any transport effects. Any legal mechanisms required for legal access. The location of any associated building area(s) relative to any identified natural hazards, historic heritage feature, notable tree, ecological site, key indigenous tree, rare and threatened vegetation species, geological feature,

		1
	allotment area shall be 700m ² or greater (exclusive of access). Shape factor	 outstanding natural feature and landscape or area of high natural character. 9. The imposition of conditions in accordance with sections 108 and
	 Each allotment must be capable of accommodating an 18 metre diameter circle. Where a rear allotment is created, the shape factor circle for the front allotment(s) may extend over the access leg for the rear allotment by up to 3 metres. Minimum allotment size and shape factor 	 220 of the Resource Management Act 1991. Note: Where consent is required under other rules in the Plan which are associated with an activity considered under this rule, additional matters of control may also apply. Other rules in the Plan may also affect the activity status of <i>subdivision</i> under this rule.
	4. <u>Compliance with SUB-RES-Table</u> <u>x.</u>	
	Infrastructure, access and services	
	 <u>5.</u> 8Access, <i>water</i> supply, <i>wastewater</i> and <i>stormwater</i> drainage systems, and underground power and telecommunications must be provided in accordance with the <i>Council's</i> Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. <u>6.</u> 9The maximum number of <i>allotments</i> gaining legal and physical access by rights of way shall be 6. <u>7.</u> 40. Access to all <i>allotments</i> must comply with the standards in the Transport chapter. 	
	Esplanades	
	 <u>41.</u> The <i>Esplanade Reserve</i> and <i>Esplanade Strip</i> provisions of SUB-DW-Table 1 must be complied with. 	
	Financial Contributions	
	9. 12. Compliance with FC-Table 1.	
• the Coa	<u>livision of land within:</u> Istal Qualifying Matter Precinct at Paekākā	iki, Peka Peka, Te Horo Beach and Ōtaki
<u>Beach;</u>	and	

• <u>the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct within the Beach Residential Precinct at Raumati and</u> <u>Waikanae Beach:</u>

are provided for	or under Rule SUB-RES-R27.	
SUB-RES-Rx	Except as provided for under Rule SUB-RE	ES-R25 or SUB-RES-R26, subdivision of
	land within the General Residential Zone.	
	The following are evoluted from this rule:	
	<u>The following are excluded from this rule:</u> <u>Subdivision of land in the Coastal C</u>	Jualifying Matter Precinct
	Notification	
	Public and limited notification of an applica	tion for resource consent under this rule is
	precluded.	
Controlled	Standards	Matters of Control
Activity	1 Millions the percent elletiment	1. The design and love ut of the
	 <u>Where the parent allotment</u> contains an existing residential 	 <u>The design and layout of the</u> subdivision (excluding allotment
	unit:	size, shape, or other size-related
	<u>a.</u> the subdivision must not	subdivision requirements) and any
	increase the degree of any	associated earthworks.
	non-compliance with Rules	2. The imposition of conditions to
	<u>GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2; or</u> b. the <i>subdivision</i> must	manage character and amenity effects.
	<u>comply with an approved</u>	<u>3.</u> The design and location of
	land use resource consent.	reserves and esplanade reserves.
	2. Where the parent allotment does	4. The imposition of conditions in
	not contain an existing <i>residential</i>	accordance with Council's
	<u>unit:</u> <u>a.</u> it must be demonstrated	<u>Subdivision and Development</u> Principles and Requirements 2012.
	that it is practicable to	5. The imposition of <i>financial</i>
	construct residential units	contributions in accordance the
	on the parent allotment	Financial Contributions chapter.
	that comply with Rules	Note: Other contributions may be
	<u>GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2; or</u> b. the <i>subdivision</i> must	Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of
	<u>comply with an approved</u>	the Local Government Act 2002.
	land use resource consent.	
	3. Each allotment must have legal	6. <u>Vehicle access points onto legal</u>
	<u>and physical access to a <i>legal</i> <i>road</i>.</u>	<u>road including the State Highway</u> network and any transport effects.
	4. Each <i>allotment</i> must have a flood	<u>7. Any legal mechanisms required for</u>
	free building area above the	legal access.
	estimated 1% Annual Exceedance	8. The location of any associated
	Probability flood event.	building area(s) relative to any
	Minimum allotment size and shape	identified natural hazards, historic
	factor	<u>heritage feature, notable tree,</u> ecological site, key indigenous tree,
		rare and threatened vegetation
	5. Compliance with SUB-RES-Table	species, geological feature,
	<u>X.</u>	outstanding natural feature and
	Infrastructure, access and services	<u>landscape or area of high natural</u> character.
	1111 4311 40141 6, access and services	9. The imposition of <i>conditions</i> in
	6. Access, water supply, wastewater	accordance with sections 108 and
	and stormwater drainage systems,	220 of the Resource Management
	and underground power and	<u>Act 1991.</u>
	telecommunications must be provided in accordance with the	- Note: Where consent is required under
		Note. Where consent is required under

Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012.7.The maximum number of allotments gaining legal and physical access by rights of way shall be 6.8.Access to all allotments must comply with the standards in the Transport chapter.	other rules in the Plan which are associated with an activity considered under this rule, additional matters of control may also apply. Other rules in the Plan may also affect the activity status of <i>subdivision</i> under this rule.
<u>Wastewater disposal – non-sewered</u> allotments	
9. Any subdivision occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a suitably qualified and experienced person that on-site domestic wastewater disposal is suitable for each allotment in accordance with AS/NZS 1547:2012 "On-site Domestic Wastewater Management." Note: attention is drawn to the	
requirements for on-site domestic wastewater disposal enforced by the Regional Council.	
County Road Ōtaki Precinct	
10. For land in the County Road Ōtaki Precinct: a. the protection of ecological site (K212) shall be secured via an encumbrance on the new allotments within which K212 is located; and b. an integrated traffic assessment must be undertaken for all subdivisions creating more than six allotments with vehicle access only onto County Road.	
<u>Esplanades</u>	
<u>11. The Esplanade Reserve and</u> <u>Esplanade Strip provisions of</u> <u>SUB-DW-Table 1 must be</u> <u>complied with.</u>	

SUB-RES- R27Any - contrCrite With Rule appliRestricted Discretionary	rolled activity under SUB-RES-R25, or eria for notification	neet one or more of the standards under persons will not be required and ed on any person or notified. Matters of Discretion 1. The design and layout of the
R27contrCrite With Rule appliRestricted DiscretionaryStan Crite Stan	rolled activity under SUB-RES-R25, or eria for notification respect to <i>subdivisions</i> which do not n SUB-RES-R25 the written approval of ications under this rule will not be serve idards . <u>Where the parent allotment</u> <u>contains an existing residential</u>	SUB-RES-R26 or SUB-RES-Rx. neet one or more of the standards under persons will not be required and ed on any person or notified. Matters of Discretion 1. The design and layout of the
-	contains an existing residential	
<u>3</u>	 a. the subdivision must not increase the degree of any non-compliance with Rules GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2; or b. the subdivision must comply with an approved land use resource consent. This standard does not apply to the subdivision of land in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct. 2. Where the parent allotment does not contain an existing residential unit: a. it must be demonstrated that it is practicable to construct residential units on the parent allotment that comply with Rules GRZ-Rx1 or GRZ-Rx2; or b. the subdivision must comply with an approved land use resource consent. This standard does not apply to the subdivision of land in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct. 3. 4Each allotment must have legal and physical access to a legal road. 	 <i>subdivision</i> and any associated <i>earthworks</i>. 2. The imposition of conditions to manage character and amenity <i>effects</i>. 3. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and esplanades. 4. The imposition of conditions in accordance with <i>Council</i>'s Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 5. The imposition of <i>financial contributions</i> in accordance with the Financial Contributions chapter. Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. 6. <i>Vehicle access</i> points onto <i>legal road</i> including the <i>State Highway</i> network and any transport <i>effects</i>. 7. Any legal mechanisms required for legal access. 8. The location of any associated <i>building</i> area(s) relative to any identified <i>natural hazards</i>, <i>historic heritage feature</i>, <i>notable tree</i>, <i>ecological site</i>, <i>key indigenous tree</i>, <i>key indigenous tree species</i>, <i>rare and threatened vegetation species</i>, <i>geological feature</i>, <i>outstanding natural landscape</i> and <i>area of high natural character</i>. 9. The Ōtaki Beach, Waikanae Beach, Raumati, Paekākāriki Special Character Areas Design Guidelines in Appendix 3. Note: Where consent is required under other Rules in the Plan which are associated with an activity

shall be 950m² for any allotment in:	considered under this Rule, additional matters of discretion may
	also apply.
i. the Beach Residential	
Precinct or General	
Residential Zone at	
Paekākāriki;	
ii. the General Residential	
Zone at Peka Peka; and	
iii. the General Residential	
Zone at Te Horo Beach;	
b. for any <i>allotment</i> in the	
Waikanae Garden Precinct the	
minimum <i>allotment</i> area shall	
be 700m² (inclusive of access);	
c. for any <i>allotment</i> in the Manu	
Grove Low Density Housing	
Precinct the minimum	
<i>allotment</i> area shall be 1,200m ²	
(inclusive of access) and the	
minimum average	
allotment area for the	
subdivision shall be 6,000m²;	
d. for <i>land</i> in the Panorama Drive	
Precinct:	
i. the minimum	
allotment area shall be	
2,500m² (inclusive of	
access);	
ii. the minimum average	
allotment area for the	
precinct shall be 5,000m²;	
and	
iii. a notional house area with	
a minimum dimension of	
12 metres and which is	
located outside of any	
area identified as an ecological site on the	
District Maps shall be	
indicated on the	
subdivision plan;	
ouburroion plan,	
Note: Land within the	
Panorama Drive Precinct	
is located within a special	
amenity landscape. Refer	
to the Natural Features	
and Landscapes chapter	
for policies on special	
amenity landscapes.	
e. for <i>land</i> in the Ōtaki Low	

Density Precinct and	
•	
Paraparaumu Low Density	
Precinct:	
i. the minimum	
allotment area shall be	
800m² (inclusive of	
l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	
access); and	
ii. the minimum average	
<i>allotment</i> area for the	
precinct shall be 950m ² ;	
f. for <i>land</i> in the Ferndale Area	
Precinct, the minimum	
allotment area shall be as set	
out in Appendix 4 Ferndale	
Area Structure Plan Notations;	
,	
g. for <i>land</i> in the Pekawy Precinct,	
any <i>subdivision</i> shall:	
i. conform to the layout of	
boundaries, vehicle	
access, open space and	
planting proposals shown	
on the Structure Plan in	
Appendix 5; and	
ii. be subject to the	
,	
<u>"subdivision controls" as</u>	
set out in the Structure	
Plan in Appendix 5;	
h for land in the County Dood	
h. for <i>land</i> in the County Road	
Ötaki Low Density Precinct:	
i. the minimum average	
allotment area for the	
subdivision shall be	
700m²;	
ii. the number of residential	
allotments created by	
subdivision of the land	
contained in Lot 37	
DP1429 shall not exceed	
20 (including any balance	
of Lot 37 DP1429;	
iii. the protection of	
ecological site (K212) shall	
be secured via an	
encumbrance on the new	
allotments within which	
K212 is located; and	
iv. an integrated traffic	
assessment must be	
undertaken for all	
subdivisions creating more	

than six <i>allotments</i> with	
vehicle access only onto	
County Road.	
i. for land in the Beach	
Residential Precinct at	
Waikanae Beach, the minimum	
· ·	
lot area shall be 550m ²	
(exclusive of access):	
i. for all other <i>land</i> in the General	
Residential Zone where the	
land to be subdivided is less	
than 3,000m² in area:	
i. the minimum	
allotment area shall be	
4 50m² (exclusive of	
access); and	
ii. the minimum average	
allotment area for the	
entire subdivision shall be	
600m ² (exclusive of	
access);	
k. for all other <i>land</i> in the General	
Residential Zone where the	
land to be subdivided is greater	
than 3,000m² in size:	
i at least 50% of all front	
i. at least 50% of all front	
<i>allotments</i> in the	
subdivision shall have a	
minimum <i>allotment</i> area of	
550m ² and at least 25% of	
all front <i>allotments</i> in the	
subdivision shall have a	
minimum <i>allotment</i> area of	
700m²; and	
ii. at least 50% of all	
rear <i>allotments</i> in the	
subdivision shall have a	
minimum <i>allotment</i> area of	
650m ² (exclusive of	
access) and at least 25%	
of all rear allotments in the	
subdivision shall have a	
minimum allotment area of	
800m² (exclusive of	
access);	
L in addition to the minimum	
I. in addition to the minimum	
<i>allotment</i> area requirements in standards (i) and (j) above, the	

following overall average	
allotment sizes (exclusive of access) shall be achieved:	
access) shall be achieved.	
i. 600m ² or greater in the	
General Residential Zone	
at Ōtaki Beach; and	
ii. 700m ² or greater in the	
Beach Residential	
Precinct at Raumati.	
Shape factor	
3. Each allotment must be capable of	
accommodating an 18 metre	
diameter circle.	
4. Where a rear allotment is created,	
the shape factor circle for the front	
allotment(s) may extend over the	
access leg for the rear	
allotment by up to 3 metres.	
Minimum allotment size and shape	
factor	
4 Compliance with SUB-RES-Table	
<u>4.</u> <u>Compliance with SUB-RES-Table</u> <u>X.</u> Wastewater disposal – non-sewered	
<u>X.</u> Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments	
X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing 	
 <u>X.</u> Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a suitably qualified and experienced 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a suitably qualified and experienced person that on-site domestic <i>wastewater</i> disposal is suitable for each <i>allotment</i> in accordance with 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a suitably qualified and experienced person that on-site domestic <i>wastewater</i> disposal is suitable for each <i>allotment</i> in accordance with AS/NZS 1547:2012 "On-site 	
 X. Wastewater disposal – non-sewered allotments 5. Any <i>subdivision</i> occurring on land that is not serviced by an existing community sewerage scheme must provide evidence from a suitably qualified and experienced person that on-site domestic <i>wastewater</i> disposal is suitable for each <i>allotment</i> in accordance with AS/NZS 1547:2012 "On-site Domestic Wastewater 	
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SUB-RES-	 Esplanades 7. The <i>Esplanade Reserve</i> and <i>Esplanade Strip</i> provisions of SUB-DW-Table 1 must be complied with. Financial contributions 8. Compliance with FC-Table 1. 	ecinct which is not a <i>controlled activity</i> under
R28	Rule SUB-RES-R25.	
Restricted	Standards	Matters of Discretion
Activity	 Standards 1. Each allotment must have legal and physical access to a legal road. Size and shape 2. Each allotment shall have a minimum area of 300m² (exclusive of access). 3. Each allotment must be capable of accemmodating a 12 metre diameter circle. Road frontage 4. Any front allotment shall have a minimum road frontage of 6 metres. Esplanades 5. The Esplanade Reserve and Esplanade Strip provisions of SUB-DW-Table 1 must be complied with. Financial contributions 6. Compliance with FC-Table 1. 	 I. The design and layout of the subdivision and any associated earthworks. 2. The imposition of conditions to manage character and amenity effects. 3. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and esplanades. 4. The imposition of conditions in accordance with Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 5. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with Council's Subdivision and Development Principles and Requirements 2012. 5. The imposition of financial contributions in accordance with this chapter. Note: Other contributions may be applicable under the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002. 6. Vehicle access points onto legal road including the State Highway Network and any transport effects. 7. Any legal mechanisms required for legal access. 8. The location of any associated building area(s) relative to any identified natural hazards, historic heritage feature, notable tree, ecological site, key indigenous tree, key indigenous tree species, rare and threatened vegetation species, geological feature, outstanding natural feature and landscape or area of high natural character. 9. Council's Crime Prevention through Environmental Design Guidelines Appendix 6. 10. Consistency with any relevant structure plan and the notations

		attached to the <i>structure plan,</i> including any additional matters over which <i>Council</i> reserves discretion. Note : Where consent is required under other Rules in the Plan which are associated with an activity considered under this Rule, additional matters of discretion may also apply.
SUB-RES- R29	<i>Subdivision</i> which is undertaken in accorda Guidelines set out in Appendix 1.	ance with the Development Incentives
Restricted Discretionary Activity	Standards Subdivision under this rule must comply with all other relevant subdivision standards unless otherwise specified in Appendix 1. Note: For development which is undertaken in accordance with the Development Incentives Guidelines, see GRZ-R15. 	 Matters of Discretion The scale of biodiversity, energy or water quality benefits created by the proposal. The design, size, shape and location of reserves and esplanade reserves. Covenants, easements and other legal mechanisms required. The imposition of conditions to manage visual, character and amenity effects. Ecological or biodiversity effects, and effects on natural character values. Transport effects. Proposed mitigation, remediation or ongoing management measures. Cumulative effects. The matters of discretion set out under SUB-RES-R27 or SUB-RES-R28 (whichever is applicable).
SUB-RES- R30	 Any <i>subdivision</i> of <i>land</i> in the General Res Waikanae and Ōtaki (excluding <i>land</i> within the <i>land</i> to be <i>subdivided</i> is less than 3,000 1. is not a <i>controlled activity</i> under SUB- <u>Rx;</u> 2. meets all standards under SUB-RES- 3. has a minimum <i>allotment</i> area of 450r 4. each <i>allotment</i> can accommodate a 1 	any precinct identified in UFD-P13 where Om ² in area and it: RES-R25 <u>, or</u> -SUB-RES-R26 <u>or SUB-RES-</u> R27 except standard (3) 2; m ² ; and
Discretionary Activity		
SUB-RES- R31	Any subdivision of land in the Focused Infil discretionary activity under SUB-RES-R28.	
Discretionary Activity		
SUB-RES- R32	Any <i>subdivision</i> of <i>land</i> which is not a contr RES-R26 <u>or SUB-RES-Rx</u> , a <i>restricted disc</i> a <i>discretionary activity</i> under SUB-RES-R3	

Non- Complying Activity				
SUB-RES- Table x – Minimum allotment size and	<u>Allotment type</u>	<u>Minimum</u> allotment area	<u>Minimum</u> <u>average</u> <u>allotment area</u> <u>for the entire</u> <u>subdivision</u>	<u>Minimum</u> <u>allotment shape</u> <u>factor</u>
<u>shape factor</u>	<u>Vacant allotment</u>	<u>450m² (inclusive of</u> access)	<u>No minimum</u> average allotment area	Must be capable of accommodating an 18 metre diameter
	Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct, except where otherwise provided for in this table	<u>450m² (inclusive of access)</u>	<u>No minimum</u> <u>average allotment</u> <u>area</u>	<u>circle.</u> <u>Where a rear</u> <u>allotment is</u> <u>created, the shape</u> <u>factor circle for the</u> <u>front</u> <u>allotment(s) may</u>
	Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct where the parent allotment is greater than 3,000m ² in size	At least 50% of all front allotments in the subdivision shall have a minimum allotment area of 550m ² and at least 25% of all front allotments in the subdivision shall have a minimum allotment area of 700m ² . At least 50% of all rear allotments in the subdivision shall have a minimum allotment area of 650m ² (exclusive of access) and at least 25% of all rear allotments in the subdivision shall have a minimum allotment area of 650m ² (exclusive of access) and at least 25% of all rear allotments in the subdivision shall have a minimum allotment area of 800m ² (exclusive of access).	<u>No minimum</u> <u>average allotment</u> <u>area</u>	extend over the access leg for the rear allotment by up to 3 metres.
	Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct within the Beach Residential Precinct	<u>550m² (exclusive</u> <u>of access)</u>	<u>No minimum</u> <u>average allotment</u> <u>area</u>	

h			
<u>within at Waikanae</u> <u>Beach</u>			
Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct within the Beach Residential Precinct at Raumati	450m ² (exclusive of access)	700m ² (exclusive of access)	
Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying <u>Matter Precinct at</u> Ōtaki Beach	450m ² (exclusive of access)	600m ² (exclusive of access)	
Any allotment in the Coastal Qualifying Matter Precinct at Paekākāriki, Peka Peka or Te Horo Beach	950m ² (inclusive of access)	<u>No minimum</u> <u>average allotment</u> <u>area</u>	